The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c &c.

At $1.75 per annum, strictly in advance;—$1.00, if not; $2.50, if payment is delayed.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements $1.00 per square for 3 weeks; " 25 " for each cont.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. LXII. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1862. NO. 11.

Orphans' Court Sale.

IN pursuance to an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams County, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Monday the 27th day of January*, 1862, the following Real Estate of JACOB GARDNER, Sen., deceased, to wit:

Tract No. 1, the *MANSION PROPERTY*, containing 15 ACRES, more or less, situate in Petersburg, Huntington township, in said county, fronting on the Hanover and Carlisle Turnpike Road, also, by a public road leading from said turnpike to the State Road, lands of Arnold Gardner, John Gardner and Daniel Gardner. The improvements are a large two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, two-story Brick back building, with a one story Kitchen, frame store house, frame barn, carriage house, one story frame dwelling, used as a shop, corn-crib, grain house, with a well of water and a spring house attached; also, some fruit trees. There is a stream of never-failing water passing through said tract.

Tract No. 2. Also, a Tract of Land, situate in the same town, containing 35 Acres, more or less, adjoining the lands of Hon. Daniel Sheffer, John Sadler, Henry J. Myers, the Lutheran Parsonage, heirs of Wm. Gardner, deceased, and others. Both of said tracts are in a good state of cultivation.—The said properties will be sold entire or in parcels, as may best suit bidders.

☞Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., precisely, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

ARNOLD GARDNER, JOHN GARDNER, } Admr's.

By Order of the Court,
JOHN EICHOLTZ, *Clerk*

Jan. 1, 1862. ts

☞Also, at the same time and place will be offered at public sale, the following personal property, viz: One Carriage, one Sleigh, one Winnowing Mill, one Woman saddle, one Jack-screw, one Log chain, two Bedsteads, a lot of Straw and Manure, Grain in the ground, besides various other articles not specified.

Houses for Rent.

TWO BRICK DWELLING HOUSES on Chambersburg street, for Rent. Inquire of M. EICHELBERGER.

Dec. 25. tf

Caution.

NOTICE is hereby given by the subscribers, to any person or persons who hunt upon their premises with a gun and dog, or fish, that they will enforce the law of the State against such offenders, without respect to persons.

Henry Jacobey,	John Blocher,
Joseph Arntz,	Emanuel Feeser,
Widow Sponseller,	Jacob Streadey,
William Snyder,	Andrew Jacobey,
Aaron Rickroad,	Andrew Chambers.
Widow Chambers,	

Jan. 1, 1862. 3t.

Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife, CATHARINE, absents herself from my domicile, without any just cause, I hereby warn all persons not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will pay no bills or debts of her contracting after her said desertion.

HENRY HARBOLD.

Latimore township, Dec. 31, 1861. 3t

Notice.

AS the subscriber intends settling up his business, all persons owing him either by Note or Book account, are desired to call and settle the same between this and the middle of January next. After that time all accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

H. D. SWENEY.

Dec. 25. 3t

NOTICE.

WE desire all persons indebted to us to call and make settlement, having made a change in our manner of doing business.

FAHNESTOCK BRO.

Oct. 23.

New Oyster Saloon.

OWEN ROBINSON has the pleasure of announcing to the lovers of Good OYSTERS, and the rest of mankind, that he has moved into his New Saloon, on Chambersburg street—built especially for his benefit—and fitted out with all the conveniences of a first-rate Saloon, where he is now prepared to accommodate his friends in a superior manner to anything coming under his line of trade. He has a LADIES' department, and a GENTLEMAN'S department, and the arrangements are complete. Good order preserved, and the best of Oysters always on hand. Give him a call. [Dec. 18.

The Spot!

SAMSON is still in New York, making purchases to keep full and increase the stock of his Clothing and Variety Store, on the Northeast corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, where sales are made at astonishingly low prices. Buying for cash, he can sell low for cash—lower than ever and no mistake. Call in at the Store, and ADAM BOLLINGER will wait on you with the greatest of pleasure, showing you Clothing, Boots, Shoes, &c. of every kind and price.

Dec. 4. tf

Ladies,

IF you call at Fahnestock's you will find the handsomest DRESS GOODS in town. Delaines, Cashmeres, Figured Merinoes, Coburg, French Merinoes, a Wool, as low as 75 cents a yard. Call soon.

Oct 17 FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

THE attention of the Ladies is especially invited to a large and beautiful assortment of Ladies and Misses Hats, Flats and Shaker Hoods of the latest Spring style, embracing Boulevard, Vernon, &c., which we are offering at greatly reduced prices at

R. F. McILHENY'S

DOMESTICS, TICKINGS, CHECKS, FLANNELS, &c., cheap at Fahnestock's. We have also a MUSLIN—branded with our own name to which we invite especial attention, as it excels by far, any ever offered in this market for the price.

The Eagle Plough,

FOR sale at SHEADS & BUEHLER'S—also, CORN SHELLERS, FEED CUTTERS, &c

LARGE Photographs made from small pictures at greatly reduced rates, at the Excelsior Sky-light Gallery.

YOUNG Men's Spring style of Hats and Caps 20 per cent. lower than usual prices at

R. F. McILHENY'S.

Choice Poetry.

'TIS SWEET TO THINK.

'Tis sweet to think when far away
In other lands our footsteps stray,
Of childhood's happy home—
Where'er we roam, whate'er our lot,
Fond memory clings to that dear spot,
Around the old hearth-stone.

'Tis sweet to think of halcyon days,
O'er which hope's rainbow-tinted rays
In golden circles hung—
When brightly rolled the skies so fair,
Undimm'd by clouds of grief and care,
That o'er us now are hung.

'Tis sweet to think of those so dear,
By ties of love and kindred near,
The friends still faithful ever—
And twine around each loved one's name
Of memories sweet, an endless chain,
That strengthens on forever.

'Tis sweet to think that if no more
We shall meet on Time's bleak shore,
Ere earthly ties are riven,
That once again we'll re-unite—
In realms above, of fadeless light,
We'll meet again in Heaven.

'Tis sweet to think as on we glide,
Adown Time's swift uncertain tide,
With cares of life oppressed—
That far above yon star-lit dome
Awaits us there a happy home,
A home of endless rest.

Miscellaneous.

Real Politeness.

A Jewish traveller on his way to Jericho, was overtaken by a gang of highwaymen, who sprang upon him and stripped him of his raiment, wounded him, and left him half dead. Presently a certain priest came that way "by chance." He *looks* like a gentleman; but from some urgency in his errand, or for a more probable indifference of feeling, he passes by, and leaves the wretched sufferer to groan on unrelieved.—Another traveller comes in sight. He is a Levite. He comes up to the spot where the blood is trickling out upon the crimsoned grass. Is that Levite a gentleman?—No! he is not even a man—he is lacking in the ordinary feelings of humanity. For without a single word of condolence, that we read of, the heartless hypocrite hurried on his way. But at length that good Samaritan, whose name has become a blessed synonym for beneficence to this day, comes up. That the Samaritan possessed the real substratum of politeness, a kind heart, we know very well. But he had more. He might have hired some one to go back and fetch the wounded man to the inn, and yet not have been lacking in kind feeling. But the man so hired might have treated the unhappy sufferer rudely and roughly, and so he does not risk it. He pours oil into his wounds. He gently lifts the poor Jew upon his own beast, and perhaps walks beside him all the way, and on the morrow when he leaves the inn, he does not put the money to pay his bill into the wounded man's own hand. That might have touched the sufferer's pride; it was enough to be wounded in his body without having his feelings wounded too, so the Samaritan very delicately pays the two shillings to the host, and says: "Whatsoever thou spendest more when I come again I will repay thee." Now here was genuine courtesy. Here was a true gentleman. There was kindness of heart, and also kindness of manner. These two things make up real politeness.

AN HONEST LIFE.—The poor pittance of seventy years is not worth being a villain for. What matter is it if your neighbor lies in a splendid tomb? Sleep you with innocence. Look behind you through the track of time! A vast desert lies open in retrospect; wearied with years and sorrow, they sink from the walks of man. You must leave them where they fall; and you are to go a little further, and you will find eternal rest. Whatever you may have to encounter between the cradle and the grave, every moment is big with events, which come not in succession, but bursting forcibly from a revolving and unknown cause, fly over this orb with diversified influence.

Justice.

The peace of society dependeth on justice; the happiness of individuals on the certain enjoyment of all their possessions.

Keep the desires of thy heart, therefore, within the bounds of moderation; let the hand of justice lead them aright.

Cast not an evil eye on the goods of thy neighbor; let whatever is his property be sacred from thy touch.

Let no temptation allure, nor any provocation excite thee to lift up thy hand to the hazard of his life.

Defame him not in his character; bear no false witness against him.

Corrupt not his servant to cheat or forsake him; and the wife of his bosom, O tempt not to sin.

It will be a grief to his heart, which thou canst not relieve; an injury to his life, which no reparation can atone.

In thy dealings with men be impartial and just; and do unto them as thou wouldest they should do unto thee.

TIME.—Time wears slippers of list, and his tread is noiseless. The days come softly dawning, one after another; they creep in at the window; their fresh morning air is grateful to the lips as they pant for it; their music is sweet to the ears that listen to it; until, before we know it, a whole life of days has possession of the citadel, and Time has taken us for his own.

☞Man creeps into childhood, bounds into youth, sobers into manhood, softens into age, totters into second childhood, and stumbles into the cradle prepared for us all.

Consternation of a Respectable Family.

We regret to state that, through the blundering of a country cousin, one of the first families of this city were recently thrown into a state of consternation and indignation which it is impossible to describe. For a while serious consequences were apprehended, but after proper restoratives were applied, and explanations made, the family were enabled to take their meals with their accustomed regularity and relish. The misunderstanding was caused in a singular manner, and can, in a measure, be attributed to the prevailing war and number of military heroes who infest the city.

It seems that the cousin, who caused the trouble, is a native of Vermont, and is now on a visit to an uncle in the city. One evening, during the recent spell of cold weather, the only daughter of the house, a lady of seventeen, whose delicacy is a part of her nature, and whose mind is entirely above earthly things, with the exception of the opera, new dresses and a carriage, remarked, in the presence of her cousin and her family, without a word of warning, that she was fearful of freezing if she went to bed.

Her mother was about to utter some expressions of consolation, when the cousin, (rude man that he is) remarked, in a loud tone, so loud that every one heard him:

"Why don't you take a *major* to bed with you?"

There was a faint shriek, and Henrietta was observed to fall senseless on the plush sofa. Her position, however, was noted for its grace and the careful manner in which her crinoline was adjusted.

"Wretch," cried the father, "you have murdered my daughter with your vulgarity."

"Monster," exclaimed the mother, "how could you? And such delicate nerves as she has, too."

"I swow," yelled the Vermonter, with a doleful look, "I did'nt mean—"

"Silence, sir," cried a brother, who has attempted to obtain a commission as brigadier general, and failed only because he once belonged to a home guard and knew, therefore, too much on military affairs.

"Darn it, won't you—"

"No, sir, we will not," cried the enraged parent. "A man that recommends my daughter to sleep with a major is not fit for decent society."

"But I did'nt mean—" screamed the Yankee, but no attention was paid to his words.

"She revives—she revives—the shock has not killed her," the doting mother said, bending over her child, and kissing her.

"Only to think," sobbed the fair one, "that cousin should recommend a common major when there are so many major generals without wives."

"It was a cruel blow, but you must bear up, darling," whispered the mother.

"Damation, wont somebody listen to me," cried the perplexed Vermonter. "I didn't mean that Hen should sleep with a real live major—one of them malicious officers. In course I didn't. And I don't want her to unless she is married, and then she may for all I care. I wanted her to do as our girls do cold nights. They heat bricks and put 'em at their feet, and up in our parts the gals calls 'em *majors*. That's what I mean, and what's the use of making a fuss about it, that's what I want to know?"

"It seems that we were laboring under a mistake," said the head of the family, "but really, hereafter, when there are young ladies in the room, I don't think I'd mention such things. The ladies of the city are too delicate for such vulgar names."

The Vermonter promised to be more careful in future, and the family are doing well.—*Boston American Union.*

☞A gentleman while taking a drive through one of our country towns, accompanied by his Irish servant, had the misfortune to have his vehicle smashed up, and himself and companion thrown violently to the ground, by his horse taking fright and running away. The gentleman was somewhat bruised, but not seriously. His principal loss was that of his wig, which had been shaken off; and on picking himself up, he found Pat in a most ludicrous condition, holding to his head with the blood trickling through his fingers, and his master's wig in his other hand, which he was surveying with the most ludicrous alarm and horror.

"Well, Pat," said his master, "are you much hurt?"

"Hurt, is it? Ah, master dear, don't you see the top of me head in my hand?"

Pat, in his terror and confusion had mistaken his master's portable headpiece for his own natural scalp, and evidently regarded his last hour had arrived.

MARK ME WELL.—A gentleman, having missed his way, fortunately overtook a boy going with a quantity of tar to mark his master's sheep. The gentleman asked the road to Bang, but was directed by so many windings and turnings, right and left, that he agreed to take the boy behind him on the horse, as he was going near to the same place. Finding him pert and docile, he gave him, as they rode on, some wholesome advice relative to his future good conduct, adding, occasionally, "Mark me well, my boy."

"Yes, sir," says he, "I do."

However, he repeated this injunction so often, that the boy at last called out, "Sir, I have no more tar."

☞"Is anybody waiting on you?" said a polite dry goods clerk to a girl from the country. "Yes, sir," said the blushing damsel, "that's my feller outside. He wouldn't come in."

The Minister and the Bumblebees.

"Mississippi rejoices in the possession of the rude talents that distinguish a backwoods preacher known as 'Uncle Bob.'

"On one occasion 'Uncle Bob' went to minister to the spiritual wants of some brethren' who convened semi-occasionally at a little out-of-the-way church known by the classic name of 'Coon Tail.' Inspirited by a crowded house, Uncle Bob turned himself loose in his most tragic style. He beat, stamped, and vociferated terribly. For some time previous the rude pulpit had been unoccupied. Invited by the apparent security and quiet of the place, a community of 'bumble bees' had built a nest beneath. Uncle Bob's peculiar mode of conducting the services had disturbed the insects; and just as he was executing one of his most tremendous gestures an enraged bee met him half way, and popped his sting into the end of Uncle Bob's huge nose. He stopped short, gave sundry vigorous but ineffectual slaps, when he heard a half suppressed titter from some merry youths in a far corner of the house. Turning toward them with ill-concealed rage he exclaimed, 'No laughing in the house of God; I allow no laughing in my meetings. I'll thrash the first man that laughs as soon as service is over!'—This threat checked the incipient merriment. Uncle Bob regained his composure, forgot the bees, and soon warmed up at a two-forty lick. But again, in the midst of the most impassioned gesticulation, a bee struck him full in the forehead; he bowed, dodged, and beat the air frantically, until a roar of laughter rose from the congregation. Uncle Bob looked at them a moment with mingled feelings of rage, and disgust, and then shouted, 'Meetin's dismissed! Go home! Just go home, every one of you! But as for me [taking off his coat,] I don't leave this hill as long as there's a bumble-bee about the house!"—*Harper's Magazine.*

A BONNE BOUCHE.—An elderly lady, once on a visit at Margate, went into the market to buy a goose. There were but two in the market, both in custody of a little cherry-checked lass from Birchington, who to the surprise of her customer, positively refused to sell one without the other. Recollecting that a neighbor had also expressed a wish for one, the lady was without difficulty prevailed on to take both.—When the bargain was concluded, however, she thought proper to inquire of the vendor why she had so peremptorily declined selling them separate. "If you please, my lady," was the native answer, "mother said as how the geese had lived together fifteen years, and it would be cruel to part them."

A Good Hit.

A volunteer and some citizens were talking about the war at Elmira, a few days since, when a difference having arisen, some person proposed to settle it by taking a drink.

"No no," said the volunteer, "that is not the way to talk. You and all other men who can possibly leave home, should at once agree to enlist. This war must be fought out and settled with all possible despatch. Drinking won't settle it; for if it would, *our officers would have settled it long ago.*"

A Talented Son.

The son of a worthy deacon, says an exchange, whose father being away from home, undertook to say the family prayers, or rather the prayers he had been accustomed to hear every evening since the days of his childhood. He commenced aright and for a short time got on swimmingly; quite astonished his mother, who had no idea that she had so talented a son. At last when he was in the middle of his invocation, his memory forsook him, and he repeated the first part of the prayer over again. This he did several times, till at length the patience of the dame was entirely exausted:

"John," she whispered, "John, do get through sometime."

"I would, mother," replied the poor boy, "*but I don't know how to wind the darn thing up!*"

☞"Put down the pickle!" The words were uttered harshly and hurriedly by the sergeant to an ungracious private, who carried away by his "hungry passions," had snatched a pickle from the barrel. "And, why should I put down the pickle?" queries the private, mildly. "Put down the pickle—that's all I want of you!" returned the sergeant, determinedly. "Down it goes, then," cried the soldier, and stuffing it into his mouth, it quickly disappeared.

☞Women are some on a pitch battle. In a street colloquy between Mrs. Smithers and Miss. Bender the other day, the former lady told the latter that she was a skeleton man-trap—a remark which the party addressed reciprocated by calling her antagonist a locomotive lying machine dressed in cotton batting. This was a clincher, and converted the verbal skirmish into a digital tussel which resulted in the loss of eight artificial teeth and a sorrel wig.

CRUELTY.—The youth who is early accustomed to habits of cruelty will, as he grows up, become careless to every tender reflection, and ultimately be guilty of those deeds from which humanity would turn with horror.

☞A vender of hoop skirts was recently extolling his wares in presence of a customer's husband. "No lady should be without one of these skirts," said the storekeeper. "Well, of course not," dryly responded the husband, who was some thing of a wag; "she should be within it."

A Romance of Real Life.

A letter from Rome gives an account of a remarkable suicide which has taken place at Naples. A Mr. Kenrick, an elderly gentleman, appears to have been intimate with a Miss Gray, a young and pretty Englishwoman, with whom he has been living at Rome and Naples. It appears that Mr. Kenrick's relatives in England, who are wealthy, paid no heed, under the circumstances, to his application for remittances, and that the two thereupon resolved on suicide. From what subsequently transpired, it seems they must have gone directly to the public garden of the Villa Reale, on the sea-shore, where the *cafe* being open, they took a glass of rum or rosolio. They then climbed over the low wall of the villa, where a semicircular space overlooking the sea is furnished with stone seats, and descended on the beach, where Miss Gray tied her dress round her ankles, and filled it from the waist with sand, Mr. Kenrick effecting the same purpose by filling the bosom of his shirt, his waistcoat, and coat-sleeves with sand and stones, Miss Gray supplying the necessary strings and tapes from her own dress.—They then tied themselves together round the waist with their pocket-handkerchiefs, and deliberately lay down to die in the sea, which at that point is not more than two or three feet deep. They had the resolution to endure suffocation, and their corpses were seen in the transparent water next morning at daybreak by a fisherman. Mr. Kenrick's life was insured for £3000, which his heirs lose from the fact of his having committed suicide.

The Way They Treat Secesh Gentlemen in our Neighboring County of Chester.

The Republican gives an interesting account of the way a loyal lady of Sadsbury township, treated a Secesh pill-pedlar very recently. It appears that this lover of Jeff. Davis had been attending the family, and after prescribing for the sick, ventilated his rebel opinions for the benefit of the well. He was several times requested not to broach his treasonable notions, but still persisted. He at last became very offensive to the lady of the house, and said to her she was so fond of a *nigger* that if her husband was to die, she would in all probability marry one of them. This was a little more than the loyal woman could bear and she promptly seized a broomstick and gave the man of pills a good sound pummelling. The account is that she thumped him grandly. We give the story as we had it from a person living in the neighborhood, without vouching for its correctness, but this same Doctor we know is a ribald disunionist, and if he has not received the punishment indicated, he richly deserves it, and all the more appropriate if inflicted by a *fire* woman.

COTTON CULTURE IN ILLINOIS.—The Chicago *Tribune* of December 23d contains an array of facts which prove that cotton can be raised in Southern Illinois with as much facility and as profitable as in the cotton regions of the Southern States. The persons who have been raising it in that region for many years, and who have, under their careless mode of cultivating, succeeded in obtaining from 300 to 500 pounds per acre. At ten cents per pound this gives from $30 to $50 to the acre, and reckoning eight acres to the field hand, which is the calculation made of the slave production in an official report to Congress in 1852, we have then $240 to $400 as the year's product of one hand and eight acres.

Petticoat Nuisance.

A Boston paper says: A day or two since, a gentleman, in passing along Tremont Row, unintentionally stepped upon a lady's dress, which was trailing on the sidewalk. The lady instantly turned, her eyes flashing fire at the gentleman, and spitefully exclaimed, "You impudent puppy!" The gentleman very coolly replied, "Madam, if your dress had not been on the sidewalk which is made for the people to walk upon, I should not have stepped upon it. I have no apology to make, but I would advise you hereafter either to shorten your dress a trifle or adopt some other method to keep it off from the common footpath."

☞An old bachelor says he used to be terribly bitten by musquitoes until he got married—when the blood thirsty villains found out that his wife was much the tenderest, and he hasn't been troubled since.—Talk of the selfishness of old bachelors!

☞Give me a nice polish, you young scamp," said a dirty swell with a pipe and pork pie cap. "I can't give you one," said the lad; "it would take a cleverer 'man' nor me to do that. But I can polish your boots, sir."

☞The wife of a respectable printer named Fanin, residing in Toronto, C. W., eloped on Tuesday last with a shoemaker named McIntosh. When Fanin heard that his wife had gone he very coolly said: "Well, let her rip! there's plenty more women in Canada."

☞You will not be agreeable to company, if you strive to bring in or keep up a subject unsuitable to their capacities or humor.

☞Never look at the girls. They can't hear it; they regard it is an insult. They wear their feathers, furbelows, and frills, merely to gratify their mammas—that's all.

☞"What blessings children are!" as the parish clerk said when he took fees for christening them.

☞To see if a man is your friend—make love to his wife.

Characters in Kentucky.

Invisible writes as follows to the Cincinnati Times:

A CHARACTER.

Riding up from Bacon creek yesterday, I stopped at a house by the way side, to get a drink of water. While tying my horse, I was approached by a bare-footed, half-dressed little boy, not over seven years of age, who asked me—

"Hath ee got any 'backer?"

"Tobacco?" was my response, "what do you want with tobacco?"

"I tew it."

"What! you chew tobacco?"

"Yeth—heap o' yet."

I supposed the child was merely begging tobacco for his mother's smoke pipe, but on entering the house learned that he had been indulging in the habit for over a year.

"His grand pap larned him," said the mother; "and it worries him powerfully to be without the weed."

"Don't you try to prevent him from using it?"

"Laws, no! He mought a be doin' wuss."

I gave the little devil a piece off my plug. He put it in his little mouth with avidity, and then strutted off as proud as a Turk in a new turban. The incident almost persuaded me to discard the weed.

ANOTHER.

A little further on, I observed an elderly man standing in the door of a small and dilapidated cabin, scratching his head with both hands and making all sorts of ugly grimaces. The lot in front of the hut was filled with sheep. I thought I would have a little talk with the old fellow, just to keep him from scratching his hair out.

"Halloo! old fellow," I asked, "what do you ask for your sheep?"

He paid no attention, but continued to scratch the harder. I yelled a little louder, which seemed to attract attention. He stopped scratching.

"What do you ask for your sheep?" I repeated.

"Hay?" was his answer.

"Will you sell those sheep?"

"Sheep? *They hain't sheep, they're louses!*"

I put spurs to my horse, and got out of the way of these "sheeps" as soon as possible.

AND STILL ANOTHER.

At our boarding-house, we have a character in the shape of a slave. He is a half-witted negro, answering to the name of Levi. Levi's idea of supreme happiness seems to be in an indulgence in molasses. You can't get him to move sprightly unless you promise him some "lasses," and then he makes his long heels fly. The other evening my room-mate wanted a big fire, and to get Levi to bring up an extra quantity of wood promised him a jug of his favorite article. In a short time up came Levi, bearing something less than a quarter of a cord of wood on his arms. Laying it carefully on the hearth, he turned to my room-mate and said—

"How much lasses is you guying' to gib me?"

"A jug full."

"I golly! (smacking his lips). How much you charge me for it?"

"Nothing."

"Nuffin? I golly! (smacking his lips). Shall I fotch the jug?"

"Yes."

"Gib me the whole jug full for nuffin?"

"Yes."

"I golly!" and Levi disappeared down the stairway, smacking his lips. At the foot of the stairs he stopped a moment and soliloquized as follows:

"Jug full—I golly. Jug full for nuffin—I golly. Nigger you'se guyin to hab a hull jug full o'lasses. Whew! Go 'long. Sampson. Jerusalem. I golly."

Before daylight next morning Levi was on hand with his jug, and he had a glorious time with his "lasses."

EPIDEMIC AMONG CATTLE.—A terrible epidemic is prevailing among the cattle in the western provinces of Russia.—Usually the plains of Russia abound in vast numbers of stock of almost every kind, and thence immense herds are annually exported to Germany. Now, however, this exportation has nearly all ceased, and in some of the districts near St. Petersburg as many as four thousand four hundred horses, eight hundred and ninety cows and three hundred and nineteen sheep have died within the last two months. As yet no arrest has been made to the progress of the disease.

A MURDERER SURRENDERS HIMSELF.—In Danbury, Conn. last September, a man named Doran was murdered mysteriously and the offer of a liberal reward failed to detect the murderers. Lately the reward was increased to $200, and Patrick Ryan, one of the suspected parties, writes a letter to one of the surviving brothers of the murdered man, saying, "If you don't want to lose your money, you draw it back," and offering to give himself up and stand trial.

☞The War Department have reliable information that the Rebels are in a suffering condition at Manassas for food and clothes, and that the whole Rebel Army is becoming rapidly demoralized.

☞So long as men are imprudent in their diet, and business, doctors and lawyers will ride in their carriages.

☞The industrious and virtuous education of children is a far better inheritance to them than a great estate.

☞If your lips would keep from slips, five things observe with care—of whom you speak, to whom you speak, and how, and when and where.

A Union Advocate in South Carolina.

There is one man in South Carolina, it appears, who is sufficiently fearless to stand up in advocacy of the Union, and to expose the rottenness of the Confederacy.—That man is the venerable and revered James L. Pettigrew. He is a lawyer of great learning and ability, and during the political frenzies which have agitated his State, from nullification to secession, he has stood up unflinchingly for the Constitution and the Government. The occasion which called him out recently, was an attempt in the rebel District Court of the Confederate States, over which the infamous Judge Magrath presides, to garnishee the property of Northern people in Mr. Pettigrue's possession, under the rebel sequestration act. He denounced in the boldest manner the action of the Court, comparing that body to the old English Star Chamber and Spanish Inquisition, and heaped cutting sarcasm upon the Confederacy. The act of sequestration he denounced as "borrowed from the darkest period of tyranny," and declared that he preferred death to the violation of confidence reposed in his professional honor.

The man who could stand alone in the very hot bed of treason and rebellion and advocate the Union, deserves an immortality.

Stone Fleet Operations.

The English papers which now profess to have discovered that the sinking of ships in our rebel harbors is "an act of hostility to the whole human race," said nothing when the work was begun by the rebels themselves. Nearly a year ago a writer from Charleston said in a letter which went the rounds of the press: "Five schooners have been sunk in the channel, so that it is impossible for a war ship to cross the bar." There was no protest at that time from the British press. Neither has there recently been at the well known fact that the rebels have blocked up the channel to Savannah with the sunken hulks. Such organs of secession as the London Times can see enmity only on one side—the other is always right.

NATIONALITY OF THE VOLUNTEERS.—The report of the Sanitary Commission of the army, acquaints us with the important fact that at least two-thirds of the volunteers are native Americans. This is an official refutation of the allegations of foreign journals, that our army was composed almost entirely of foreigners. It is true that the Germans and Irish have enlisted in large numbers; but in a country composed to a great extent of men of all nations like this, such was to be expected.

POLITICS OF THE GENERALS.—Hon. Henry Wilson said in the Senate debate on the West Point bill last Monday:

"He knew there were complaints that many army officers had not their hearts in this contest, but it was equally true of many volunteer officers. Of the 110 Brigadier Generals, 80 had been opponents of the present Administration, and all the officers having separate commands, with one exception, were opponents of the Administration. This was not surprising in view of the circumstances connected with the previous management of the army. Many of the volunteer officers came into the field with the belief that this war was brought upon the country by the party in power, but actual service soon taught them who the traitors were, and what was the cause of the war."

HAGERSTOWN, Jan. 11, 1862.

Daniel Yingling, Esq., brother of the proprietor of the Washington House, and connected with him in the management of that establishment, was arrested this morning on the charge of being engaged in a treasonable correspondence with the Rebels in Virginia. It is said the evidence of his guilt is conclusive. He has been sent a prisoner to Williamsport to be dealt with as Col. Leonard may determine.

GRAIN TRADE OF THE LAKES.—There were shipped from Chicago, in 1861, during the period navigation was open:—

Flour	546,900 lbs.
Wheat	14,999,860 bush.
Corn	23,989,360 bush.
Oats	1,569,750 bush.
Rye	368,758 bush.
Barley	72,175 bush.

Reducing the flour to bushels of wheat, we have here an aggregate of 43,765,703 bushels of grain shipped by lake from Chicago in 1861.

Coining Money.

Mr. Stearns, a distiller of Richmond, Va, is making about four thousand dollars a day clear profit on whiskey, and could make five thousand dollars if he would exert himself. *The demand for whiskey is so great that every gallon is sold as soon as it is made.* So says the correspondent of the Charleston Mercury.

KNAPSACKS.—The knapsacks of the French and German armies are made of calfskins, tanned with the hair left on.—They shed the rain better than those formed of plain leather, and they are not so much affected with heat and cold as those made of water-proof fabrics, because the hair is a good non-conductor.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The Cincinnati Express ran into the Hyde Park train, on the Illinois Central Railroad, five miles from this city, this morning. Wm. A. Barrow, late County Judge, was instantly killed, and seven passengers wounded, but none fatally.

☞Col. Samuel Colt, the celebrated manufacturer of Colt's revolvers, died his residence in Hartford, Conn., on Friday last.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

[From Forney's Press.

An Abiding Faith.

What the American people stand most in need of, at the present time, is, a faith in the strength of our institutions, and in the ultimate success of our cause that rises above temporary reverses and delays, and looks and waits patiently for the hoped-for end, through a dim vista of apparent inactivity. We say "apparent"—it is not real. We ourselves will live to know and believe, and after ages will justify the belief, that this inactivity is only apparent. History will record it as an unprecedented example of what a free and patriotic people can achieve when stimulated by a laudable love for the maintenance of the Government which so freely guaranties them their liberties.

There are those among us, who are impatient and fault-finding, and men, too, whose loyalty cannot be doubted. We hear the questions asked every day, impatiently and passionately, "Why don't our armies move? Why is not something done? The country is being ruined by this long delay, &c., &c."

Whether this last prediction be true or not, is very uncertain, but we are positively sure that indiscriminate haste, or ill-directed movements, would bring inevitable destruction to our armies, and ruin to our cause.

What is the best plan to precipitate such disasters as that of the 20th of July? How many Bull Run affairs can the country stand, upon the increased scale to which our armies have advanced? If our leaders, weak enough to allow this class of men to influence them, contrary to their military judgment, made hasty movements, in which they could not justify themselves, and our arms suffered defeat, among the first to condemn would be our croaking, grumbling friends.

Our armies will move in good time—When they do, our banner shall be carried gloriously through the red field of battle, and planted where it shall wave peacefully and in triumph from Mason and Dixon's line to the Gulf, and from Hatteras to the Rio Grande.

We, as a people, forget the responsibility under which the men at the head of our affairs are at present acting. They are answerable not alone to us, but every official act of their's will be scrutinized and criticised by our posterity, and after ages will justify or condemn them as their acts show their motives to have been personal ambition and aggrandizement or the greatest good for the greatest number. Knowing this fearful responsibility to be resting upon them, will they not act as men deserving the confidence the nation has placed in them? And is it fair and honorable for the people to hastily judge and condemn upon such partial evidence as they may possess?

There is one class of grumblers who would contend that the national treasury is being depleted by blood-sucking contractors, and intimate that our Generals are restrained in their otherwise onward movements to allow money-making schemes to prosper.

That there is fraud cannot be denied.—No one deprecates it more, or would punish it, when discovered, more severely than we, even to the adoption of the plan of Napoleon First—shooting dishonest contractors by the roadside while on the march. But when from one million to one million and a half is being spent daily, we declare the *total* prevention of fraud and peculation to be an impossibility, and denounce this loud outcry against the Administration and military leaders on this account.

There never was an army raised where some men did not dishonestly endeavor to enrich themselves by taking advantage of the pressing necessities of the Government.

There are *black sheep* everywhere. We have them, our forefathers had them, and even our Saviour could not select twelve followers in which number there was not one traitor. Judas Iscariots have always been, and always will be.

These facts should not weaken our faith, nor do they justify us in assailing those who hold the reins of Government. They but teach us to be vigilant, and take every measure for the detection and punishment of fraud, wherever found, and by so doing add our support to the Government in the suppression of this foul rebellion.

Abiding faith in republican institutions is what we need. Faith in the strength of the undivided sentiment of the people.—Faith in the principles which raised us in three-quarters of a century from a weak colonial dependency to an independent, powerful nation. These principles did not fail our fathers in their glorious struggle; they will not fail us now in our's if we are faithful to them. Americans! whether native born or welcome sharers in our liberties from other lands, be faithful to the trust confided in you.

A THOUSAND CHINAMEN DROWNED.—The California journals, in giving an account of the late disastrous floods with which they have been visited, state that the Chinese have been very great sufferers. No less than forty five Chinamen were carried away in their cabins at Oregon Bar, in Placer county. The Chinese hongs in San Francisco have since received letters from the interior of the State to the effect that during the late freshet near one thousand Chinamen were washed off from Long Bar and vicinity, on the Yuba, and drowned. It appears that the poor fellows remained in their cabins on the bar, as they had done during previous floods, until the raging waters rose about them and rendered their escape impossible.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT AND NARROW ESCAPE.—Quartermaster Howel of the N. Y. 6th Cavalry, met with a painful accident on Thursday morning last, making a very narrow escape from a horrible death. He was in the act of mounting his horse in the stable of the Washington House, when the animal became restive and started down the stable. A wire runs along the ceiling of the stable, to which are attached hooks for the purpose of hanging lanterns thereon. One of these hooks caught in the corner of Mr. Howell's right eye, inflicting an exceedingly painful injury, and had not the wire to which it was attached, sprung, it would have inevitably torn off the top of his head. As it is, hopes are entertained that the sight of his eye may yet be saved.—*York Republican.*

☞From the Upper Potomac it is reported that Gen. Jackson, with his Rebel forces, has disappeared from the vicinity of Hancock. The bad weather had enforced quiet along the river line.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL,

GETTYSBURG:

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22, 1862.

Presentation of Regimental Colors to the Porter Guards.

Col. LEMMON desires us to inform our readers, that a beautiful Cavalry Standard, the gift of Miss E. L. PORTER to the "Guards," will be presented to them on Saturday, January 25th, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The ceremony will take place on the Centre Square; the presentation and response to be made by officers of the Regiment.

The Colonel wishes us to cordially invite, in his name, the attendance of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, upon the occasion, irrespective of age, size, or sex. As its interest will naturally be enhanced by the presence of several thousands, more or less, of our fair and loyal Pennsylvania women, we hope they will not fail to respond to the Colonel's invitation. Come one—come all! Let us have a live day in Gettysburg, and a memorable one!

☞The Ladies of Hanover, a few days ago, sent up to the Hospital of the "Porter Guards," a basket of delicacies for the sick. For this kindness, we are desired to return thanks on the part of the Colonel.

The Barracks.

The Camp of the "Porter Guards" is now located on the farm of Mr. GEORGE WOLF, about one mile east of town, between the York turnpike and the Railroad, and the Barracks is about being commenced. Eight men are detailed from each Company to do the work.

☞On Saturday last, there arrived at the Commissary Department, the Regimental flag, the Storm flag, and the Guidons, all furnished by the Government, besides boots and blankets for the Regiment, Hospital stores, Culinary apparatus, &c. The Paymaster is not yet about, much to the regret of the "boys." He is expected, however, very shortly—and then look out for a "jubilee."

☞The contract for Hardware for the Barracks was given to Fahnestock Brothers, not to Danner & Zeiglor, as we were incorrectly informed at the Quartermaster's office last week.

☞Sheriff WOLF, on Saturday last, sold the property of Henry Bitner, in Munmasburg, to Jacob Bittinger, at $825; and the property of H. R. Peters, in Menallen, to Geo. W. Ellicker, at $1,575.

☞Nearly all of the past week was taken up at our neighbor NEELY'S office, in taking testimony in the contested seat of Mr. BUSBEY. We have not heard the nature of the testimony elicited—whether anything has turned up or not, to aid the contestant, Mr. MYERS.

☞Our member of the Legislature, Mr. BUSBEY, is on the Corporation committee, and on the one to compare bills.

Fine Lot of Pork.

Our friend, GEO. L. SMITH, of Emmittsburg, writes us, that there were raised and slaughtered in that borough this fall 42 hogs, weighing 15,040 lbs.—average weight 358 lbs. Well done for Emmittsburg—it would not be much trouble to them to feed a regiment.

Resignation of Simon Cameron.

The Hon. SIMON CAMERON, who has filled the high and responsible situation of Secretary of War under President Lincoln, has resigned that situation, and has been appointed by the President Minister to Russia. His nomination was confirmed by the Senate on Friday, 24 to 14.

EDWARD M. STANTON, of Pittsburg, has been appointed Secretary of War in his stead. His nomination was unanimously confirmed by the Senate, and he has entered upon his duties. Mr. STANTON was Attorney General during the close of Mr. Buchanan's term. In that position, he co operated with Mr. Holt, as Secretary of War, and General Dix, as Secretary of the Treasury, in those closing measures of the Buchanan Administration which finally prevented the Government from falling, through treachery and hopeless imbecility, entirely into the hands of the Rebels. Mr. Stanton bears the character of a bold, prompt, vigorous man. He has hitherto ranked as a Democrat, thoroughly loyal, and uncompromisingly arrayed against the rebellion. We accept this appointment not only as wise in itself, but as a proper acknowledgment of the loyalty and deserts of that large body of Democrats who, since this rebellion broke out, have shown themselves faithful and devoted to their country.

☞One hundred and sixty released prisoners, nearly all wounded and captured at the battle of Manassas, arrived at Fortress Monroe on Friday last. About 25 were on crutches, and about 20 bed-ridden, and many of the others slightly lamed. Their joy on being again under the protection of the Stars and Stripes was excessive and manifested in many affecting ways.

☞The Legislature of Ohio has authorized the suspension of specie payments by the Banks of that State.

Glorious Victory
IN KENTUCKY!

Tuesday Morning, Jan. 22.

☞A despatch was received yesterday evening at Hanover, giving information that Gen. Buel had attacked the rebel Gen. Zollicoffer, in his strong entrenchments at Bowling Green, Kentucky, yesterday—and obtained a signal victory. Gen. Zollicoffer was killed, and his army was scattered to the four winds of heaven! The loss on both sides was very great. We have no further particulars.

☞The minor skirmishes preceding the great trial of strength between the contending armies in the West continues to be decidedly favorable to the National cause. Gen. Halleck telegraphs to Washington that Colonel Poindexter's Rebel force was disastrously defeated on Saturday by nine hundred Federal cavalry under command of Major Hubbard. The Rebels lost forty killed, sixty wounded and twenty-eight prisoners, together with one hundred and sixty horses, sixty wagons, one hundred and five tents, eighty kegs of powder, and two hundred muskets. An expedition from Cape Girardeau, Missouri, has also returned with twenty-three prisoners, including Captain Day.

☞There was, in our opinion, an evident propriety in a notice of the matter alluded to in the following communication; and we could not hesitate in giving it a place, coming, as it did, from a highly respectable source:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "SENTINEL."

GETTYSBURG, Jan. 20th, 1862.

Editor Sentinel:

My attention has been called to frequent mention of the "Porter Guards" in the Gettysburg papers (one or more), in a connection which is as improper as it is disagreeable, and which mention has been made in a manner well calculated to convey erroneous impressions in regard to the Regiment—particularly to non-residents of your Borough. And while happy in an occasion to acknowledge the uniform courtesy and kindness with which we have been treated by the press of Gettysburg since our advent in the place, I cannot refrain from alluding to the subject in question, as something which really seems to demand correction from some one of the many who may be affected by false impressions of this nature.

The Editor of one of your local cotemporaries, in a late issue, seems to presume that the 10th Regiment has come among you as a set of *Censors of the Press*, whose proper sphere of action it shall be to forcibly expunge from Gettysburg newspaperdom everything of an obnoxious, treasonable, or seditious character. He would fain compliment the "Guards" by magnifying them into *custodes morum*—guardians of the public peace, keepers of the public morals, and general overseers of the civil affairs of the Borough.

Without affecting to pass an opinion upon the loyalty or disloyalty of the sheet to which the editor of the *Star* alludes in the issue in question, I must beg leave to protest, in behalf of the Regiment, and as one entitled to be heard in that character, against any effort, by any individual, to *draw the Regiment into the arena of local dispute or difference*; or, in other words, to make a kind of vehicle, or cat's-paw, of the "Porter Guards," with which to set the disloyalty of the paper in question, real or assumed, the more strongly before the public eye. The more immediate directors of our organization—those who are more directly charged with its responsibilities—confidently rely upon the assistance of the press in maintaining good order and friendly relations; a task, the difficulties of which must unavoidably be enhanced, if the impression is to go abroad that that organization holds itself ready, at all times, to array itself in friendship or hostility to this or that local interest or opinion.

Studiously refraining, as in duty bound, from expressing any opinion as to the merits of the question of the comparative patriotism of the *Star and Banner*, and *Compiler*, I may claim for the "Porter Guards"—an institution essentially loyal and anti-secession—the right to entertain such sentiments in regard to the public press, as a fair reading and interpretation will bear. As for active interference, however, and forcible correction of objectionable publications, we must respectfully decline the task.—Some little intercourse with the Gettysburg public has been sufficient to convince me of their loyalty: and the Editor of the Star and Banner may, I think, appeal to *them* in extremities of this character, with the full assurance of an attentive ear. I make the suggestion for his benefit and our protection. PRO PATRIA.

☞The House of Representatives of the U. States has passed a bill abolishing the franking privilege. This is hailed with general approval, and is an important item in retrenchment of Government expenses. It contains but one section: "From and after the 1st of July, 1862, the franking privilege shall be and is hereby abolished." It has yet to pass the Senate.

☞On Wednesday last, the House of Representatives passed a resolution, 113 to 5, that in order to pay the ordinary expenses of the Government and the interest on the national loan, and have an ample sinking fund for its ultimate liquidation, a tax be imposed which, with the tariff on imports, will secure an annual sum of not less than one hundred and fifty millions of dollars.

☞A despatch from Cairo states that Gen. Grant and staff have taken the field, and that the great expedition from that point Southward is at last on the move.—Gen. McClernand, who has the advance, expected to reach Mayfield on Wednesday night, and as the Rebels at Beauregard are very near that point, it was expected a fight would take place, unless the Rebels conclude to retreat. Gen. Grant informed the Second Division, of which he had the immediate command, that he should march thirty miles that night.

Hon. Thomas E. Cochran.

It is with great pleasure we give place to the following article from the York Republican, and do most cheerfully endorse every word of it. So honest and faithful a public servant as "Honest Tom" should be held with tenacity at so important a post as that of Auditor General, in these times of fraud and peculation. With a discerning mind and unwavering integrity, he is just the man for the situation and the times, and we do hope the suggestions in the following article may meet the unanimous response of the people.

From the York Republican.

Hon. Thomas E. Cochran!

We notice that a number of our cotemporaries are suggesting the importance of re-nominating Hon. Thomas E. Cochran for Auditor General of Pennsylvania. It affords us great pleasure to concur in this suggestion. We might search in vain the ranks of all the political parties in the State for any one more strictly honest, or more thoroughly fitted by reason of large business capacities, to fill any office of responsibility and trust, than is Gen. Cochran. His conduct since he has entered his office at Harrisburg has served to illustrate this fact in a very pointed manner, to the voters and tax payers of this Commonwealth. During the past year he has been called upon to perform many more duties, and those duties more arduous and responsible, than have ever been imposed upon any of his predecessors. Upon him has devolved the drudgery of affixing his signature to the tens of thousands of notes issued by a large number of banks in the State, established under the late "Free Banking Act," and of auditing all accounts of Brokers and Insurance Agents. Besides this, the necessity of crushing the rebellion, which threw upon Pennsylvania the arming and equipping of a large volunteer force, increased in a tenfold degree the ordinary duties of his office. These added duties he performed cheerfully, without asking or receiving any salary additional to that received by his predecessors, although, (it may be stated in this connection,) we can see no reason, why the present Legislature should not vote Mr. Cochran an amount, say four or five thousand dollars, for extra services, his admirable honesty and the prudent management of the affairs of his office, having saved to the State more than ten times that amount, which under almost any other officer would have been lost.

The re-nomination of Gen. Cochran would be an endorsement of honesty, which is a rare old trait, much below par among office holders of the present day, and would serve as a pointed rebuke to those swindling contractors and army operators, who found in Mr. Cochran's moral uprightness, a serious hindrance to the successful execution of some of their wicked plans to defraud the State, which were concocted last spring in the hurry attending the arming and equipping of the troops.

An Old Friend out in the War.

We received, an evening or two ago, from a friend in the West, a number of the Evansville, (Ind) Daily Journal, of the 9th, which contained the following General Order. It gave us much pleasure, for we found embodied in that Order, and specially and *proudly* named, an old and esteemed friend, in days gone by, and ever since, CONRAD BAKER, Esq, who was for a short time at the Bar here, and removed to Evansville, Indiana, where he soon attained a high and lucrative position in his profession. We had not known, until now, that he had "gone to the wars," but we were not surprised, for we knew well his noble, whole-hearted, patriotic soul; and we need not say we are not disappointed at the gallantry which the "General Order" so particularly names. It is just what we would have expected from our old friend C.; and if this paragraph should meet his eye, we would only say: *"Encore."*

General Order.

HEADQUARTERS, PILOT KNOB, MO., January 1st, 1862.

FELLOW SOLDIERS:—In entering upon a New Year, I wish to congratulate you on the valuable services you have rendered your country in 1861.

On the battle field you have routed, shattered and destroyed the rebel force, which has so long held this district under subjection. Your magnanimity has equalled your valor, and has produced valuable results, for daily you see the misguided rebels returning from their camps, to surrender themselves as prisoners, which they would never do, if they were not convinced that we could forgive the penitent.

The profound quiet and peace that prevails now, where, three months ago, all was disorder and terror, are due first to your courage in battle, and secondly to our clemency to the vanquished.

The good discipline now maintained is highly honorable to you individually, as well as to your officers.

While the Infantry and Artillery have done their whole duty, under all circumstances, justice compels me to call special attention to the efficient service of the First Regiment Indiana Cavalry.

This regiment has suffered severely in battle; it has marched through the district of South Eastern Missouri, in every direction, in pursuit of rebel bands, and for the protection of loyal citizens. Day after day, night after night, through sunshine and storm, they have marched and subdued the disloyal, and made friends for the Union wherever they have gone. To Col. CONRAD BAKER, and all the officers and men of this splendid regiment, I desire to return my sincere thanks.

W. P. CARLIN,
Col. 38th Reg. Illinois Vols.,
Commanding Post.

☞Intelligence has been received at Leavenworth, Kansas, that four thousand Union Indians in Cherokee county were routed by a superior force of Texan Rebels on the 6th inst., and compelled to retreat to Kansas. Brigadier General Denver left yesterday for Western Virginia. A continual guerilla warfare is carried on in Johnson and Bates counties by roving bands of Rebels. A quantity of Government stock and other property has been recovered from the Rebels.

☞We are under obligations to Hon. THOMAS E. COCHRAN, Auditor General, for the Annual Report of the Banks and Savings Institutions of Pennsylvania, from which we gather the following statement of the

BANK OF GETTYSBURG—Nov. 5, 1861.

ASSETS.	
Gold and Silver,	$15,751 05
Notes, checks and bills of other banks,	39,870 00
Bills and notes discounted,	319,596 37
Judgments held by the bank,	5,393 04
Real estate,	6,400 00
Due from solvent banks,	109,637 82
Stocks and loans,	940 00
Bonds held by the bank,	15,018 17
Expenses,	345 17
	$542,951 62
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock,	$145,150 00
Notes in circulation,	300,380 00
Deposits,	89,425 77
Due to banks,	4,108 85
Surplus fund,	46,706 70
Other indebtedness not embrac'd above,	9,180 30
	$542,951 62
Dividend declared May 7, 1861, 4 per cent,	$5,806 00
" " Nov. 5, "	5,806 00
	$11,612 00

Littlestown Railroad.

On Monday last, the following gentlemen were elected Officers of the Littlestown Rail Road Company for the present year:

President—Amos Lefever, Esq.

Managers—Dr. E. F. Shorb, Geo. Stonesifer, Enoch Lefever, Levi Mause, Wm. F. Crouse, Frederick Bittinger, James Colehouse, Daniel Maring, Robert Hickley, Isaac Fisher, Wm. Bange, John Miller.

The Anderson Troop.

It is known to our readers, that our spirited young friends LASHELL and BENNER, were appointed as members of the Body Guard of Gen. Anderson, of Kentucky, and had gone on there. The last we hear of them is the following from the Louisville Democrat, of Saturday, the 11th inst.:

THE ANDERSON TROOP.—This splendid body of young men, the flower of Pennsylvania, originally mounted as a body guard to General Anderson, and better known here as General Buel's body guard, will leave to-day, it is expected, for active service.

This troop has been sworn in as an independent troop for extra hazardous service, and they are exactly the men who may be expected to accomplish a great deal, whether as scouts, or skirmishers, or extra aids. We expect to hear a good account of them.

Yesterday the members of the troop made a present of a splendid saddle and bridle to Lieut Spencer, one of their officers. He is a regular army officer, and is held in high esteem by all his men.

For the Adams Sentinel.

The Late Musical Entertainment

The Musical Entertainment which was given at Petersburg on the 13th inst., both in the afternoon and night, by Professor ALEXANDER, and a portion of the members of his singing Classes from six different towns and villages, was truly a grand success. In the early part of the day the village of Petersburg was enlivened by the presence of a multitude of strangers and citizens, anxious to hear and see, if any good thing could come out of Nazareth. The number of vocalists present was one hundred and sixty eight, all of whom have been under the efficient instruction of Professor ALEXANDER for the last three months.—Their execution of difficult pieces (considering the short time they had been under the Professor's instruction) reflects great praise, on both teacher and pupil. The entertainment was a musical one, in the strict sense of the term. The articulation was distinct. The tones were pure and mellow, from "forte" down to "pianissimo." 'Tis true they sang with Mechanical expression, but they did not by any means neglect to sing with Emotional expression, without which all singing seems lifeless and insipid. The programme presented a pleasing vanity of sparkling gems. The Quartettes were grand and exceedingly well executed, the Anthems were numerous and exquisitively fine, chiefly selected from the "Keystone Collection of Church music," and were listened to, and duly appreciated by a large and intelligent audience. In fact the whole entertainment from first to last was a complete success, and has secured for Professor ALEXANDER, a host of friends, and has placed him in the highest rank, as a teacher of music. I cannot well forbear giving the names of a few of the singers, who evinced marked ability and elicited general applause. Among the "Soprano," singers, I mention Miss Kate Wenshoff, Miss Emma Wolford, Miss Winebrenner, Miss Alice Myers, Miss Molly Johns, Miss Clara Myers, Miss Sadler, Miss Hildebrand, with many others who possessed fine Soprano voices. Contralto singers, I will mention Miss B. Koser, Miss Molly Myers, Miss Hotheins, Master J. Fleckinger, Miss Kate Gets, Miss Winebrenner, Miss Neely and Master Himes. Tenors: Mr. Kinneman, Mr. Hofheins, Mr. John O. Gardner, P. Harst, Mr. E. Myers, and Messrs King, Trone and Yont. Basses, Mr. John M. Gardner, Mr. B W. Ziegler and Messrs. Wolf, Kinneman, Helsel, Schriver, Myers, Wolford, Shireman, Brough, Lamott, Yeagy and Neely, all possessing voices of a superior quality. There were many others whose names are not mentioned, who possessed undoubted musical abilities. The "Union War song," as sung by Professor ALEXANDER, elicited the most enthusiastic applause, also the "Star Spangled Banner," which was sung with fine effect by all present. And now, Mr. Editor, I presume you will agree with me, that we had a rare musical treat, and in connection with this I would state that Professor ALEXANDER does not come into our midst as a stranger! He is well known to the citizens of Petersburg and vicinity, many of whom know him from his youth up, and although he was absent for many years, he returns to his native place an accomplished musician both in vocal and instrumental music, a student from the best musical academy in America. Mr. ALEXANDER has no need of any more classes, nor does he require any eulogy at my hands to insure him success. X.

☞The contested case for a seat in the House of Representatives, between Mr. Cessna, and Mr. Housholder, of Bedford, has been decided in favor of the former, and he was sworn in and took his seat.

Railroad Election.

On Monday last an election for a President and twelve Managers of the Gettysburg Railroad was held, resulting in the selection of the following gentlemen:

President—Robert McCurdy.

Managers—George Swope, Edward McPherson, David Wills, Abraham Krise, Frederick Diehl, Peter Diehl, Wm. D. Himes, Wm. Bittinger, W. W. Taylor, Geo. W. McClellan, H. J. Stahle, Wm. A. Duncan.

A satisfactory report by the officers of the road for the past year was handed in and read. It will be found in our paper to-day.

Election of Officers.

The Second Annual Election for officers of the Adams county Agricultural Society was held in Bendersville on the 6th inst. The following officers were elected to serve the ensuing year:

President—Capt. John Burkholder.
Vice Presidents—J. Pitzer, W. Walhey.
Secretary—George Wilson.
Corresponding Sec'y—Wm. B. Wilson.
Treasurer—Samuel Meals.
Managers—Wm J Peters, Butler tp., Charles W Griest, York Springs, Elisha Penrose, Menallen, Jacob Y. Bushey, Butler, Henry Thomas, Gettysburg.

Adams County and the State.

We take the following items from the elaborate Report of the Auditor General:

MONIES PAID TO THE STATE BY THE COUNTY.

Tax on Corporation Stocks	
From Gettysburg Railroad Co.,	$38 32
Gettysburg & Petersburg Turnpike Co.,	45 20
Gettysburg Water Company,	11 29
Tax on Real & Personal Estate,	$13,014 97
Tavern Licenses,	715 00
Retailers "	726 43
Eating Houses, Restaurants, &c.,	30 00
Tax on Wills, Deeds, &c., J. F. Bailey,	199 35
" " " J. Bushey,	42 45
" " " C. X. Martin,	269 64
" " " Z. Myers,	50 00
Collateral Inheritance Tax,	139 00
	$15,272 65

MONIES RECEIVED FROM THE STATE.

Gettysburg Railroad Co., for transportation of troops,	$112 80
Pensions and Gratuities,	40 00
Common Schools,	2,536 00
Abatement of State Tax,	639 87
	$3,328 67
Valuation of Real Estate in the County,	$5,188,128 00
Amount of Tax on Watches,	108 00
Assessment of Tax,	13,607 53
Population,	27,997
Taxables,	7,754

For the Adams Sentinel.

A LIST OF ARTICLES—From the Ladies' Relief Association of Bendersville & vicinity, forwarded to Washington, D. C. Mrs. E. Elden, 5 qts peaches, 1 qt whortleberries.
" Geo. Pohl, 2 qts. whortleberries.
" B. Myers, 1 blanket, 2 qts. peaches.
" J. Starner, 1 blanket, 2 pillows.
" C. Bream, 1 blanket, 1 qt. dried fruit.
" G. Bender, ¼ bush. dried apples 1 pair socks.
" C. D. Elden, 1 pair drawers, 4 qts. cheeries.
" N. Wierman, 4 bags dry fruit.
" Geo Adams, 1 canton flannel shirt.
" C. Weaner, 1 blanket, 1 under shirt, 1 pair socks.
" M. Group, 1 coverlet, 2 qts. whortleberries, lot of dried apples.
" M. T. Cook, 1 blanket, bag peaches, glass jelly.
" Wm. Walhey, 1 pair drawers, 1 pair socks.
" A. T. Wright, 2 pair socks.
" I. J. Wright, 1 blanket, 2 bags dried fruit.
" C. Wierman, 1 blanket, 2 bags dried fruit.
" J. B. Meals, 1 blanket.
" Wm. Cook, 2 bags dried fruit.
" J. Wickersham, lot dried apples.
" J. M. Hutton, 1 shirt and drawers.
" Wm. B. Wilson, 2 pair drawers, lot dried fruit.
" D. G. Peters, 2 bags dried fruit.
" L. Cashman, 1 pair socks
" J. Pitzer, 1 blanket, 2 quilts, 2 pillows, 3 bags dried fruit, 1 jar jelly, soap, needles and thread.
" J. Weidler, 2 bags dried fruit.
" Wm. A. Elden, 1 comfort, 2 pillows.
" S. Meals, 1 blanket, 1 pair socks.
" G. Baugher, 2 bags dried fruit.
" J. Cullings, 1 shirt, 1 pair drawers.
Miss S. Wilson, 1 quilt, linen sheet, 1 pair pillow cases, 1 linen towel.
" C. Wahley, 1 coverlet, bag dried apples.
" E. Rice, 1 under shirt.
" E. Bateman, 1 pair drawers, 2 pillows, 3 qts. blackberries.
" C. Bender, 2 pair socks, 1 bundle linen.
" M. A. Brough, lot dried apples.
" H. Penrose, 1 pair socks and piece soap.
" R. M. Wright, 1 blanket, 2 towels, bundle linen, pair socks.
Mr. Wm. Starner, 1 pair woolen socks.
" C. Bender, 1 pair drawers, 1 pair socks.
" H. Bender, 1 pair drawers, 2 shirts.
" Geo. P. Minnich, 5 yards canton flannel.
" J. Wilson, 2 pair socks.
" Wm. W. Hewitt, 2 pair socks.
" J. C. Bender, 2 shirts, 1 pair drawers, pair shoes.
" Wm. A Pitzer, 1 pair drawers.
Messrs. Burkholder & Wilson, 1 blanket.
Dr. F. S. Smith, 1 pair drawers.

The following contributions were received in money and appropriated to the purchase of goods which were made up by the Ladies of Bendersville and vicinity:

William Miller 50 cts. J. Miller 50c. E. Rawawah 25c. Miss R. Wierman 25c. B. Wierman 50c. N. Wierman 50c. J. Weigle 50c. P. Butler 50c. J. Harlan 50c. P. Sowers 50c. H. Eppleman 64c. S. Bender $1,00, Mrs. P. Rice 50c. Wm. Yontts $1,00, E. Brown 50c. C. Linderman 25c. C. Eppleman 25c. A. R. Elden 25c. Mrs. M. Eppleman 25c. C. Rice 50c. H. P. Rice 50c. E. Irwin 25c. H. Rice 25c. Miss E. Wierman 25c. J. Bender 50c. I. Bender 25c. an exile 25c. A. McGrew 25c. D. P. Slaybaugh 50c. B. Irvin 25c J. Elden 25c. A. Pigel 25c. J. Burkholder $1,00, Dr. E. M. Mumma 50 c. G. Baugher 67c. E. Eppleman $1,00.

The following are the articles manufactured out of the goods purchased:

Three comforts, 1 calico dressing gown, 7 canton flannel shirts, 2 woolen shirts, 9 pairs canton flannel drawers and 13 towels.

Government Finances.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—Among the financial schemes presented to Congress is one proposing a permanent annual revenue of $220,000,000, and pointing out the mode for raising this sum. The writer advises the issue of three hundred millions of demand notes, and a thousand millions of 6 per cent. bonds, redeemable at the pleasure of the Government after twenty years, the demand notes to be converted into six per cent. bonds at any time.

Another proposition is for the Government to receive specie in deposit, issuing certificates therefor, payable at any of the public depositories.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Gen. Cameron, in replying to the resolution of the Senate calling for information relative to the army contracts and the payment of troops, says: "I take occasion to state that I myself have not made a single contract for any purpose whatever, having always interpreted the law of Congress as contemplating that the heads of bureaus, who are experienced and able officers of the regular army, shall make all contracts for supplies for the branches of the service under their charge respectively.

"FAITHFUL AMONG THE FAITHLESS."—The New York World pays a just tribute to Ex-Governor Hicks, of Maryland, in saying that probably no single man has done so much to foil the schemes of the Rebel conspirators and to save the National Capital as he. When the secret history of last winter's plots comes to be written, it will be shown, if we mistake not, that it was his Roman firmness that was the chief obstacle to a contemplated hostile demonstration upon Washington before Buchanan left office; and it was his steadfastness afterwards that held the State to its moorings, through all the stormy spring, in spite of a Secession majority in the Legislature, and the traitorous frenzy of the Baltimore mob. He alone, of all the Governors of the Slave States, responded favorably to the proclamation of the President calling for volunteers, and on no occasion did his loyal spirit fail him.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The contested election case of Frederick P. Stanton against General Lane is considered one of the most interesting that ever came before the Senate. General Lane's right to his seat was confirmed by a vote of 24 against 16. It is understood that he, together with his Staff, will shortly leave Washington for the purpose of assuming command of his division. There is a perfect harmony of views between him and General Hunter, who is in command of the Department of Kansas. His friends to-night complimented him with a serenade.

☞A despatch from Louisville states that the Rebels of Hammond's command are committing frightful devastations.—On Sunday night they burned the depot and a blacksmith's shop at Horse Cave, and also the Woodland depot, hotel and stables at Cave City. The citizens at these points having been notified of the intentions of the Rebels, escaped to Mumfordsville. The Rebels promised to return on Monday and burn every house that could be used either as quarters or hospitals by the Union army on its advance. They burned up all the hay, oats and fodder stacks along the road, and drove off or killed all the cattle, horses and mules they could find.

SEDALIA, Mo., Jan. 14.—Advices have been received that the First Kansas Regiment, which was sent from here some days since, arrived at Lexington on Friday last, where they arrested several of the most prominent and active Rebels of the town, captured and destroyed about 1,500 hogs, which were being packed for the use of Gen. Price's Rebels, and took possession of a good deal of other valuable property.

About sixty Rebels belonging to the Reiment of Col. Alexander, now a prisoner at St. Louis, were captured about six miles from here on Saturday last.

☞No intelligence from Gen. Burnside's Expedition was received at Fortress Monroe, up to Thursday evening. The gunboat Mount Vernon from the blockading fleet off Wilmington, N. C., arrived at the Fortress, passed a portion of the expeditiod off Hatteras. The Mount Vernon on New Year's night burnt a Rebel gunboat under the guns of Fort Caswell, at the mouth of Cape Fear river. A flag of truce from Norfolk on Thursday brought down a party of released Federal prisoners. One hundred and sixty-one prisoners were expected to arrive to be exchanged for an equal number of Rebel prisoners.

Singular Phenomenon on the Mountains.

STOYSTOWN, Somerset county, Pa., Jan. 15.—During the snow storm this morning there were vivid flashes of lightning, accompanied by the roar of thunder at intervals. This most singular event quite startled us out of our propriety.

CONNEMAUGH, Cambria county, Pa., Jan. 15.—A fall of snow in this vicinity this morning was accompanied by thunder and lightning.

☞It is stated in the Louisville Journal, on the authority of its correspondent in Munfordsville, Kentucky, that the Rebels were destroying all the ponds and wells in that vicinity, by throwing dead cattle into them, in order to deprive the Union troops of water suitable for drinking.

☞From late Southern papers received via Norfolk we extract a variety of intelligence. The Confederate Secretary of War has turned over six prisoners to the authorities of the State of Virginia with the recommendation that they are "traitors that ought to be hung." They are probably Union men from Western Virginia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15—Notwithstanding the storm of snow and sleet, a force of five hundred men were at work to day preliminary to the construction of a railroad from Washington to Alexandria over the Long Bridge. There will be a single track, with sufficient turnouts to accommodate the camps in Virginia. It is supposed the road will be in operation in three weeks. By this arrangement it is designed to supply our army from the North without change of cars.

☞The new Secretary of War entered upon the duties of his office on Monday.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Railroad.

RAILROAD ELECTION, REPORT, &C.—The Stockholders of the Gettysburg Railroad assembled in the Station House, in this place, on Monday last, and organized by calling Col. DAVID M. MYERS to the Chair and appointing W. W. TAYLOR Secretary.—The Report of the President, of the operations of the Road during the past year, was then read, and, on motion, accepted and filed.

The following preamble and resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We look upon the financial affairs of the Gettysburg Railroad Company at this time with deep solicitude, and feel the great necessity of some speedy course of action on the part of all true friends of the Road, to relieve this embarrassment and save the honor and vitality of a corporation whose life has emanated from the people of Adams county—let it not be said that we are regardless of the debts contracted for the good of our section of country.

Therefore, Resolved, That we most earnestly enjoin upon and instruct the Board of Directors for the present year to use every means in their power to carry out the provisions of a bill referred to in the Report of the Directors for the last year, and which bill or act of Assembly is about passing our Legislature, and we hereby pledge to them in effecting so desirable an end as therein contemplated, our entire co-operation and support, by every means in our power.

Resolved, That we have no just cause to be discouraged at the present difficulties; that we are assured that a determination on the part of the true friends of the Road is only wanting to make our success certain.

D. WILLS, Esq., being called upon, made a full explanation of the proposed Act to create preferred stock.

Hon. S. R. Russell, W. D. Himes and R. G. McCreary, Esqs., were appointed a committee to investigate the accounts of the Company from the beginning of the Road to the present time, in order to give the stockholders and bondholders a clear view of its affairs, so that all interested may act intelligently upon the bill now before the Legislature, of the early passage of which there is no doubt.

The election was then gone into, with the following result:

President, Capt. Robert McCurdy.

Managers, George Swope, Edward McPherson, David Wills, Abraham Krise of P., Frederick Diehl, Peter Diehl, Wm. D. Himes, Wm. Bittinger, W. W. Taylor, Geo. W. McClellan, H. J. Stable and Wm. A. Duncan.

ANNUAL REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE GETTYSBURG RAILROAD CO., Gettysburg, Jan. 13, 1862.

The Board of Directors, in conformity with the requirements of the Charter, submit to the Stockholders the following statement of the affairs of the Company for the year 1861, accompanied by exhibits of the Treasurer and the Auditing Committee.

The monthly receipts of the Company, as shown by exhibit marked A, were in no instance as large as the receipts in corresponding months in previous years. In the latter part of April and the beginning of May there was scarcely any business doing on the road. The trains were suspended on the Northern Central Railway, between the Junction and Baltimore, in consequence of the destruction of the Bridges on that road by a lawless mob; and during that time there was but one train a day over the Gettysburg Railroad, and the transportation and travel did not even justify running that. During the summer there was a general prostration of business. No lumber was transported over the road, very little lime and but comparatively a small number of passengers. The farmers of our county were blessed with an abundant harvest, and the produce forwarded over the road was in excess of former years in the fall months, but instead of the trains returning laden with merchandize, lumber, &c., the receipts from freights received were very small. The Northern Central Railway Company has been so overstocked with transportation for the Government that it has been neglecting other interests, and consequently there has not been near as large a quantity of coal brought over the road as there would have been, had there been no uncertainty and delay in getting it.

The total earnings from passengers were,	$5,139 10
Freight,	9,053 80
Transportation of State Gov. troops,	160 80
" U. S. "	385 96
U. S. mail service,	862 50
Total earnings,	$15,602 16

The ordinary expenses of the road for the year amount to $8,571 78. Exhibit B shows the amount of orders issued, and D is the Treasurer's statement. Some few orders issued at the close of the year are not paid yet, and at the beginning of the year a large number of outstanding orders issued the previous year were paid by the Treasurer. The cash received from agents embraces the outstanding bills at the end of the last year and also a small proportion of ticket sales on account of other roads.

During the year some claims for land damages, occasioned by the construction of the road, were paid, and some loans which had been made in previous years were also satisfied. These claims had in equity and right a precedence over the mortgage debt, because they were for the very land and materials which make the subject of the mortgage. The result of the payment of these claims and the limited earnings of the road was the non-payment of the coupons or interest on the Bonds in February and August last. The Board wished to confer with the Bondholders about the unpaid coupons, and in April last called a meeting of the Bondholders for the purpose of consultation, to devise some plan to relieve the company from its pecuniary embarrassment. There was no attendance and the Board then, upon consultation with some of the Bondholders, devised a plan for their relief, the main features of which are as follows: To issue preferred stock to the number of 4000 shares of $50 each, amounting to $200,000, which stock is to be in receipt of all the net earnings of the road up to a certain per centage to be fixed upon by the Company, before the issuing of the stock, and a guaranty to be given by the Company, by a resolution and by stipulation in the certificates of this stock, that it shall have the preference out of the earnings of the road, up to a certain per cent. This preferred stock to be given to Bondholders in exchange for their bonds, and the bonds lifted and cancelled, and this, when all the bonds are cancelled, to operate as a satisfaction of the mortgage. The law authorizing the Company to mortgage the road to be repealed whenever the arrangement is consummated with the Bondholders. The stock to be used for no other purpose than to redeem the bonds issued under the mortgage. The consent of the Stockholders and Bondholders to be obtained before the law takes effect. A Bill was proposed, the substance of which is given above, and a committee sent to Harrisburg, near the close of the last Session of the Legislature, to have a law passed. But the attention of the Legislature was so much occupied with matters pertaining to the rebellion that the Bill could not be passed. The application has been renewed at the present Session, and the Bill passed the Senate on last Thursday, and is now before the House of Representatives, where it doubtless, if not passed already, will in a day or two without any objection. A meeting of the Stockholders will be at once convened upon regular notice, and the law submitted to them, as provided for in the Act, for their acceptance or rejection. If accepted by the Stockholders, it will then be a matter of arrangement and negotiation between the Company and the Bondholders to convert the bonds into the preferred stock in accordance with the provisions of the law.

If the law is accepted by the Company it is to be hoped that all the Bondholders will, without delay or hesitation, accede to the proposition. The advantages to them will be these: If the Bondholders proceed to foreclose the mortgage it will involve them in litigation, and the delay incident to a foreclosure of the mortgage may prevent them from obtaining a judgment on the mortgage for a year or eighteen months and probably longer. After judgment there will either be a writ issued upon which a sale of the road will be made, or if in equity, a decree of sale, and when sold, the proceeds will necessarily be brought into Court for distribution. This process of distribution may be slow and expensive, because there may questions arise, which will require adjudication by several tribunals before the money will be paid out. Then the Bondholders only receive their dividend, on what was realized out of the sale of the road, less the expenses of the sale and the distribution. If a Company buys the road for one-half or one-fourth the amount of the mortgage, the Bondholders only receive a dividend of one-half or one-fourth the amount of their bonds, less the expenses incident to the litigation growing out of a foreclosure of the mortgage, and a distribution of the proceeds of the sale.—But this law about being enacted by our Legislature virtually passes the control of the road and its franchises, over to the present Bondholders, to manage it and divide the net earnings up to a certain per cent. The amount of stock issued then having an equal voice with the common stock, in selecting managers for the road, will give the holders of this preferred stock the control of the road and enable them to select managers who will represent their interests. The 4000 shares of preferred stock that would be required to be issued is very nearly double the amount of common stock issued by the Company. It is frequently a cause of complaint by holders of the Bonds that they have no voice in the management of the affairs of the Company, and this plan obviates that objection. The Act also provides for a repeal of the law authorizing the Company to mortgage the road, and thus the interests of the Stockholders, if this arrangement is effected, cannot be prejudiced by any Board of Directors placing another lien on the road.

The present Stockholders are also interested in the creation of this preferred stock to prevent a sale of the road and its franchises. If the road is sold their stock will be entirely lost; but if the road remains in its corporate name, there is a prospect, and lately a flattering one, of an extension of this road under its very extensive and invaluable corporate franchises and privileges. The Railroad from Reading to Columbia is in progress of construction at this time. The object of the road is to form a direct line from New York city in a south-western direction to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad beyond Hancock: and the mercantile and manufacturing interests of that great metropolis are now enlisted in this enterprise and furnishing the capital to build the road. They cannot obtain from the State of Maryland such franchises and privileges as this Company now has, and their only remedy will be to use the road from Oxford to this place and extend it under the charter of this Company to Hancock, and there to connect with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, as the Gettysburg Railroad Company has the exclusive and sole privilege to do. In this event the stock would become valuable; and with these now very favorable prospects in view, of having this road made a thoroughfare for through trade and travel, both Stockholders and Bondholders should cooperate in the proposed arrangement which will certainly in any event mutually benefit. The revenues of the present length of road will not be less than $20,000, under an ordinary condition of business in the country, and when trade and everything else are flourishing they will be considerably increased. The expenses of operating the road with strict economy can be reduced to $8,000, so that there would be a surplus of $12,000 to divide among the preferred Stockholders as a minimum, and when trade and travel is as good as it should be from this county, the amount of the net earnings over and above expenses would be proportionably increased.

The plan proposed for the relief of the Bondholders and the Company is not without numerous precedents. One near at home we refer to as, among numerous others, a decided success. The Cumberland Valley Railroad Company in 1849 had a law passed authorizing the creation of preferred stock, to relieve the Company from insolvency. The arrangement was effected and the Company has been prospering ever since, and is now making large dividends on the common stock and adding yearly to a surplus fund. An examination into the operations of that road under a similar law, will satisfy any one that it is a most just and equitable arrangement for all interests and one involving the least expense and sacrifice.

The present managers of the road feel assured that, with vigorous exertion on the part of the next board of managers, the franchises of the road may be saved from sacrifice and the interest of all parties promoted. A few weeks will only be necessary, with the proper exertions, to consummate this proposed project. All which is respectfully submitted. R. McCURDY, *Pres't.*

EXHIBIT A.

	U.S. Mail Am. Rec.	Passeng. Am. Rec.	Freight. Am. Rec.	Total Rec's from all so.
Jan.	71 87½	$363 23	$879 55	$1314 65½
Feb.	71 87½	289 87	614 82	976 56½
March	71 87½	366 02	712 18	1150 07½
April	71 87½	539 79	657 87	1269 51½
May	71 87½	372 20	468 44	912 51½
June	71 87½	376 55	604 67	1053 09½
July	71 87½	470 25	334 77	876 89½
Aug.	71 87½	596 09	806 11	1474 07½
Sept.	71 87½	553 06	780 65	1405 58½
Oct.	71 87½	448 11	1339 38	1859 39½
Nov.	71 87½	379 35	993 04	1444 26½
Dec.	71 87½	384 55	862 34	1318 76½
	$862 50	$5139 10	$9053 80	$15055 40
Transpor. St. Tr.		160 80		160 80
" U.S.		385 96		385 96
Total Earnings,		$6685 86		$15602 16

EXHIBIT B.

SUMMARY OF AMOUNT OF ORDERS ISSUED.

For car service, repairs of cars, carrying mail, coal, gas, and other incidental expenses,	$1017 26
For land damages,	1444 38
For repairs of road,	1233 78
For services of Directors for 1860,	250 50
For salaries, and wages of hand in ware-house,	1470 21
On account of working the road,	1444 89
For loans of money, interest & discounts, and bills of previous year,	$8210 40
For error in overcharge of agents, &c.	111 55
	$15,212 97

EXHIBIT C.

Outstanding bills in hands of agents,	$123 69
Owing by the Post-office department,	396 56
Owing by U. S. Government for transportation of troops, &c.	385 96
	$906 21

EXHIBIT D.

T. D. CARSON, in account with the Gettysburg Railroad Company,

DR.	
To Cash from Agents,	$16,597 30
" P. O. department,	681 55
" Stock,	820 21
" Sundries,	405 16
	$18,504 22
CR.	
By Orders,	$15,909 18
Discount and interest,	2122 07
Treasurer's salary,	200 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	272 97
	$18,504 22

We, the undersigned Auditors appointed by the Board of Directors of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, to examine and audit the accounts of the Agents and Treasurer of the Company, do report, that we have discharged our duty, and present as the result of our examination the statements contained in Exhibits A. B. C. and D., and that we find all the accounts correct.

GEORGE THRONE,
ABRAHAM KRISE,
DAVID WILLS, } Comm.

Gettysburg, Jan. 11th, 1862.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Government Contract Investigating Committee are now engaged upon the subject of alleged frauds in this vicinity. They discover that the same horses had been twice sold to the Government. Superintendents and Inspectors have been bribed to certify horses, and sometimes selling them to private individuals. They also discover that the enormous amounts paid by the War Department for transportation induced strong competition among Railroad Companies, so that many Colonels in the West moving their regiments East have received each from $1,500 to $2,000 bonus. That some Sutlers are making $3,000 profit per month. That nearly all the Sutlers South of the Potomac sell liquor with the knowledge of the officers, and that it is smuggled in boxes marked "Government and Hospital Stores," or packed in barrels and marked "Beef."

☞We have some additional foreign intelligence by the Asia. An important item of the news is the return by Messrs. Baring Brothers of the coupons for the January dividends on the Virginia bonds with the answer, "No advices to pay."—The same answer was anticipated relative to the debts of the other Southern States. Three steamers were loading with cotton at Liverpool for New York, and others were expected to be chartered for the same purpose. Napoleon made an address to the diplomatic corps on New Year's Day, which had given rise to the idea that an attempt is about to be made to settle terms for the evacuation of Rome. On the same day the Pope received General Goyon and the French officers in Rome, and concluded the interview by bestowing the apostolic benediction on the Emperor Napoleon, the Imperial family, and the company assembled. The King of Prussia, in his address to the Ministry, alluded to the serious aspect throughout the whole world, as rendering it the duty of Prussia to be prepared for any emergency.

☞The election for State Treasurer took place on Monday last. We have not yet heard the result.

☞Our neighbor POLLEY has just completed a very neat brick building opposite the Globe Hotel, where he and Mr. COOK have everything in very beautiful order.—The former has every variety of Stoves of the rarest patterns, and at very cheap rates; whilst friend COOK attends to the Tin-work, Spouting, &c., promptly, and executes work in the best manner. Give them a call in their new habitation.

Married,

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. L. T. Williams, Mr. JOSEPHUS MILLS, to Miss SARAH J. FOULK—both of Mountjoy township.

On the 14th inst., by the same, Mr. SAMUEL FOULK, to Miss SARAH LINN—both of the same place.

On the 14th inst., by Rev. J. K. Miller, Mr. CHRYSOSTOM EPPLEMAN, to Miss MARY C. MYERS—both of Bendersville.

On the 14th inst., at Conowago Church, by Rev. Father Manns, Mr. DAVID C. SMITH, of Mountpleasant township, to Miss MARTHA C., youngest daughter of Henry Spalding, Esq., of Germany township

On the 7th inst., by Rev. B. A. Sharb, Mr. HENRY L. HEMLER, of Mountjoy township, to Miss FRANCINE S., daughter of Mr. Alexander Sharb, of Mountpleasant township.

Died,

On Monday week, of dropsy, PETER MICKLEY, Esq., a highly respectable and influential citizen of Franklin township, aged 57 years 9 months and 23 days. His remains were interred in the burying ground at Flohr's Church on Wednesday.

On Friday last, of typhoid fever, Mr. FRANCIS M'DERMAD, of Straban township, aged about 31 years.

On the 17th inst., Mr EPHRAIM F. DIEHL, of Mountjoy township, aged 21 years 11 months and 2 days.

On the 30th Nov. last, in Buchanan Valley, Mr GEO. STRASBAUGH, aged 70 years.

On the 15th inst., SALLIE, daughter of Barnett and Louisa C. Hart, of this place, aged 5 years 4 months and 4 days.

In Cambria, Luzerne county, Pa., on the 11th inst., NORA J. BARRETT, daughter of Dr Wm. E. and Harriet Barrett, in the 6th year of her age.

At Westminster, Md., on the 11th inst., of consumption, Mr. WM. H. GRAMMER, Editor of the "American Sentinel," aged 39 years 5 months and 20 days.

On the 10th inst, JOHN REUBEN, son of Laban and Anna M. Bowers, of Hamiltonban township, aged 1 year 10 months 3 weeks and 2 days.

Alas! how changed that lovely flower,
Which bloomed and cheered my heart,
Fair, fleeting comfort of an hour,
How soon we're called to part.

Small Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, on reasonable terms, a TRACT OF LAND, containing about 45 Acres of Land, situate on the Carlisle Road, about 1½ miles from Gettysburg. There are three acres in Timber. The improvements are a new two-story Log HOUSE, and new Barn; a first-rate well of water at the door; and a new Orchard. Any person wishing to view the premises will be shown the same by Charles Yeatts, living near, who will also make known the terms.

Jan. 22 TIMOTHY LANE.

☞SHEADS & BUEHLER'S Store is well worthy of a visit just at this time. We doubt whether, even in our largest cities, so fine a display of Stoves can be found. Their large room is stored full of Stoves of every pattern; also, every variety of Hollow Ware, Sheet Iron Ware, Tin Ware, Planished Ware, Japan Ware—embracing, indeed, everything in the house-furnishing line. Also, Sausage Cutters, Sausage Stuffers, Lard Presses, &c, &c. They are prepared to sell wholesale and retail, Tin Ware, and Sheet Iron Ware, of their own manufacture—keeping a sufficient number of hands to supply any demand. Their assortment of Lumber is very large; also, Coal, of every kind.

To Consumptives.

THE Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York.
Nov. 13, 1861. 3m

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—TUESDAY LAST.

Superfine Flour	$5 00 to 5 25
Red Wheat	1 10 to 1 17
White Wheat	1 15 to 1 25
Corn old Yellow	50
Rye	62 to 65
Rye Flour	3 50
Buckwheat	50
Buckwheat Meal	1 75
Clover Seed	3 75
Timothy Seed	1 75 to 2 00
Flax Seed	1 25
Barley	50
Oats	28
Plaster of Paris, per ton	6 50
Do. per bag	1 02
Guano per hundred	1 25 to 3 50

BALTIMORE—TUESDAY LAST.

Flour	$5 50 to 5 75
Wheat	1 30 to 1 45
Rye	75 to 77
Corn	60 to 66
Oats	43 to 45
Cloverseed	4 50 to 4 75
Timothyseed	2 12 to 2 25
Beef Cattle	2 75 to 4 00
Hay, (in bundles)	17 00 to 18 00
Do (loose)	15 00 to 16 00

HANOVER—TUESDAY LAST.

Flour per bbl., from Wagons	$5 00 to 5 00
Wheat, per bushel	1 10 to 1 20
Rye	65
Corn	50
Oats	25
Clover Seed	4 00 to 4 25
Timothy Seed	1 50 to 2 00
Plaster Paris, per ton	6 25

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, FEB. 15TH, 1862, in pursuance of a power contained in a mortgage executed by Emanuel Harmon, of the City of Washington, in favor of, and granting in mortgage to Sheldon Collens, of the City of New York, and his heirs and assigns, certain Real Estate hereinafter mentioned, which mortage is duly recorded in the office for the recording of deeds for the county of Adams, in the State of Pennsylvania, in Mortgage Book E, Folio 51, 52, 53 and 54, which said mortgage by an assignment which is duly recorded in said office in Deed Book V, Folio 456 and 457, is assigned to Charles D. Harmon, of said City of New York, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale at McClellan's Hotel, in the Borough of Gettysburg, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, that certain FARM OR TRACT OF LAND, situated in the township of Cumberland, in said county of Adams, about one mile and a half from the Borough of Gettysburg, on a Public Road, containing 124 Acres, more or less, 22 Acres of which said land are covered with good Timber, and the remainder are under cultivation, adjoining lands of John Herbst, Abraham Spangler, Peter Stalsmith and others.—On which are erected a large BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing 12 Rooms and a Kitchen, Out houses, Wash House, Smoke House, a good Stone Bank or Swiss Barn, with Corn Crib, Wagon Shed and other improvements.—There is also on the premises an ORCHARD of Choice Fruit. Persons desirous further information in regard to said sale can apply to

CHARLES D. HARMON, New York.
COCHRAN & HAY, Attorneys at Law,
Jan. 15. York, Pa.

Farm for Rent.

I WILL Rent my FARM, situated in Hamiltonban township, and now in the occupancy of Mr. David Slonaker, from the 1st day of April next. Any person desiring to rent will apply to Isaac Robinson, residing in Fairfield, by whom terms will be made known.

ISAAC R. SMITH.
Jan. 1. 4t

For Exchange.

I Will exchange TWO OR THREE FARMS either in Missouri or Iowa, for Real Estate in Adams County.

☞I will also exchange a valuable MILL PROPERTY in Adams county, together with 38 ACRES, for a FARM.

GEO. ARNOLD.
Nov. 6. 1m

Deeds Lost.

THE subscriber lost, or mislaid, about nine months ago, two or three DEEDS which the had for property purchased by him. He has never heard of them since, and takes this method of making known his loss: and will suitably reward any person who may have them in possession, on delivery of them to him, or at the "Sentinel" office. SAMUEL FERGUSON.
Jan. 15, 1862. tf

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration, on the estate of JACOB HAMM, late of Oxford township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Heidelberg township, York county, he hereby gives notice to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having against the same, to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB ARNDT, Adm'r.
Jan. 8. 6t

Watches, Watches, Watches.

THE undersigned has just returned from the Cities with a new assortment of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, selected with particular care, and which he can sell at extremely low PRICES—warranting them to be good timekeepers. Also, an assortment of CHAINS, KEYS, &c.

Persons desirous of purchasing a good Watch, are requested to call and examine my assortment. JOSEPH BEVAN,
Sign of the Watch and Spectacles, in the Diamond, Gettysburg.
Dec. 18.

A. SCOTT & SON, are selling Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, and all kinds of Domestic Goods cheap Call and see!

Tax Appeals.

THE Commissioners of Adams county hereby give notice that they have fixed upon the following times and places for the holding of Appeals for the several Boroughs and Townships of Adams county, when and where they will attend to hear Appeals between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock P. M., of each day, as follows:

For Mountjoy township, on Monday the 27th of January, at the house of J. D. Newman, in Mountjoy township.

For the townships of Germany and Union, on Tuesday, the 28th of January, at the house of Joseph Barker, in Littlestown.

For the townships of Mountpleasant and Conowago, on Wednesday, the 29th of January, at the house of J. E. Smith, in Mountpleasant township.

For the township and borough of Berwick, on Thursday the 30th of January, at the house of Francis Wilson, in Abbottstown.

For the township of Hamilton, on Friday, the 31st of January, at the house of Daniel Becker, in East Berlin.

For the township of Straban, on Saturday, the 1st of February, at the house of J. L. Grass, in Hunterstown.

For the township of Oxford, on Monday, the 3d of February, at the house of George Shane, in Oxford.

For the township of Reading, on Tuesday, the 4th of February, at the house of Robert M. Dicks, in Hampton.

For the townships of Huntington and Latimore, on Wednesday, the 5th of February, at the house of George Hildebrand, in Petersburg.

For the township of Tyrone, on Thursday, the 6th of February, at the house of John Eckenrode, in Heidlersburg.

For the township of Menallen, on Friday, the 7th of February, at the house of Charles Myers, in Bendersville.

For the township of Butler, on Saturday, the 8th of February, at the house of Geo. W. Rex, in Middletown.

For the township of Franklin, on Monday, the 10th of February, at the house of R. J. Peters, in Cashtown.

For the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, on Tuesday, the 11th of February, at the house of Peter Schively, in Millerstown.

For the townships of Cumberland and Freedom, on Wednesday, the 12th of February, at the house of Francis Bream, in Cumberland township.

For the borough of Gettysburg, on Thursday, the 13th of February, at the Commissioners' office, in Gettysburg.

JAMES H. MARSHALL,
WM. B. GARDNER,
EPHRAIM MYERS,
COMMISSIONERS.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.
Jan. 15, 1862.

Pure Catawba & Isabella Wine.

MANUFACTURED BY BURKHOLDER & WILSON, BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.—We are happy to announce to the citizens of Adams county that we have commenced the manufacture of Pure Wine from the Grape.—and that we are now prepared to some extent, to supply the trade—quantities of it having already found its way into the market. This Wine is pure and has stood the test of the best Judges. Persons wishing a pure article can now be supplied at home without the risk of being imposed upon by an impure article.

☞For sale by A. D. BUEHLER and E. H. MINNIGH, Gettysburg, and E. HITESHEW, Petersburg, York Springs, Pa.
Jan. 6, 1862.

New English and Classic School,

GETTYSBURG.—The undersigned intends opening a Select English and Classic School, for Males and Females, at his residence, in Gettysburg, on THE 1ST OF OCTOBER, 1861.

TERMS:—Session of Five Months, for English Branches, $10. For English and Classics, $12. For Classics alone, $10.

All the studies of these departments at the option of the scholars, or the desire of their parents. The school will be limited to a number not exceeding, at present, SIXTEEN SCHOLARS. Scholars will be admitted about the age of 13 years and upward. None younger than this, unless their advanced scholarship warrant their being received at an earlier age. Boarding can be obtained in respectable christian families, on moderate terms, from $2 to $3 per week. As our desire is to impart a thorough education intellectually, and at the same time develope and strengthen the moral nature, and thus have the school rise on its own merits, we forbear an array of promises, &c., &c., and simply ask for a trial, and solicit the patronage of our friends and others who may desire such training for their children. Special attention given to students desiring to enter College.

☞For particulars apply to
Rev. WM. McELWEE,
Aug. 28. Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa.

Boarding and Day School.

MISS C. SHEADS' BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL opens on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2D, 1861. TERMS:—Per Session of 5 Months, $75. Music and Languages extra. For further particulars address C. SHEADS,
August 28 6m Gettysburg, Pa.

Notice to Invalids.

DR. H. BUSHEY, has located himself in Hunterstown, Adams co., Pa.; and will continue to attend to the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery in all their various branches; and would inform the afflicted that after a number of years' experience, and unparalleled success in Chronic as well as Acute Diseases, such as partial and General Palsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Consumption of the first and second stages, Scrofula and King's Evil, Asthma, Goitre, Epileptic Fits, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Mercurial and Siphilitic Affections, Milk or White Leg, Diseases of the Spine, Deafness, Erysipelas, St. Anthony's Fire or Rose, Ulcers and Swellings of all kinds, Dropsy, Constitutional Disorders and Diseases, originating from a depraved or imperfect state of the Blood and Nervous system. All Diseases of a mixed and complicated character. Also many affections peculiar to Females, as Suppression and Irregularity of the Menses, Lucorrhœa or Whites. Also a Specific for Putrid Sore Throat and Diptheria. No relief no pay. May 22. 9m

1861. Fall Millinery. 1861.

MISS McCREARY having just returned from the City, is now opening an unusually large assortment of BONNETS and BONNET TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles. Also, Dress Goods and Dress Trimmings, Shawls, Mantillas and Fancy Goods of every description, all of which having been purchased for cash, will be sold at prices to suit the times.

N. PICKING IS NOW SELLING B. OVERCOATS at panic prices,
DRESS COATS at panic prices,
PANTALOONS at panic prices,
VESTS at all kinds of prices.
NOW IS THE TIME—CALL SOON.
Jan. 9. tf

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of HUGH WILSON, late of Freedom township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same, and those who have claims, to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOSEPH MICKLEY, Adm'r.
Dec. 18. 6t

Notice.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of Rev. DAVID EYSTER, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in the same Borough, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and settle the same; and those who have claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

M. JACOBS,
REBECCA EYSTER, } Ex'rs.
Dec 18. 6t

SOMETHING NEW.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the residents of Gettysburg & vicinity, that he has opened a WATCH and JEWELRY STORE, in the room immediately in the rear of Mr. J. L. Shick's Store, and fronting the Square, where he intends keeping an assortment of WACTHES, JEWELRY, SILVER AND SILVER PLATED WARE, SPECTACLES, CLOCKS, &c., &c.

Having been connected with a first-class Watch and Jewelry Store in Baltimore, for several years past, he is prepared to furnish every article in the line, at the lowest City prices, and all purchases will be guaranteed as represented.

From a long experience in Watch-repairing, especially of fine Watches, he is prepared to do all kinds of Watch-work promptly, in the best manner, and guaranty the performance of it.

He will keep always on hand a large assortment of

SPECTACLES,

and Spectacle Glasses; and having much experience in adapting them to the sight, is prepared to fit all who need them.

HAIR JEWELRY made to order in the best style, and a great variety of patterns on hand.

JEWELRY repaired in the neatest manner.

JOSEPH BEVAN.
Gettysburg, July 31. tf

Second Supply of the Season!

GEORGE ARNOLD

HAS just returned from Philadelphia with a large supply of English and French Cloths, Beaver Cloths, Overcoatings, Vestings and Cassimeres in great variety, 75 to 3.50 per yard. Cassinetts, Velvets, Jeans, &c., &c., with a general assortment of domestic Goods. We have now on hand a large stock of Overcoats ranging from $3 87½ to $15 00, also Dress Coats, Business Coats, Mens' and Boys' Pantaloons, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Monkey Jackets. Our Clothing is all of our own make and warranted well made. Our stock of Overcoats particularly is large, we are receiving Overcoats, &c., daily from the hands we have employed, so that we keep our stock well assorted. The above goods have been purchased on the very best terms for cash, and will be sold at a very reduced price for the same. Give us a call.

Jan. 1, 1862.

NEW GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have just received a large and handsome stock of FALL & WINTER GOODS, consisting of

Ladies' Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloths, Cassimeres, Flannels, Ginghams, Muslins, &c., also Queensware, Groceries, &c., which will be sold at short profits. Having changed our terms, we now sell for CASH, or will give

60 days' credit to prompt-paying customers.

☞Call early at the sign of the RED FRONT.
Oct. 23. tf

A. Scott & Son,

DEALERS in Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Queensware, Groceries, &c., N. W. corner of Chambersburg streets, have just received their stock of Goods, suited to the FALL & WINTER SALES, to which we invite the attention of buyers of pretty, good and cheap Goods. For the Ladies we have a good assortment of DRESS GOODS SHAWLS, TRIMMINGS, &c. Our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Jeans, &c. for Men and Boys, is large, good and cheap.

☞Come one, come all, and examine for yourselves. A. SCOTT & SON.
Oct. 19.

Hat. Boot. Shoe.

MORE NEW GOODS AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT. The undersigned have just received a fresh supply of Hats Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c. Also, have a good supply of Saddles and Bridles, Harness, Collars, &c.

☞Shoes and Boots of all kinds made to order by first-rate workmen, on short notice. Prices low for cash.

Nov. 21. COBEAN & GULP.

ATTENTION! RECRUITS WANTED!

5,000 Able-bodied Men and Boys,

WANTED to report themselves immediately at the Rendezvous in Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, & receive, at a mere nominal price, full uniforms and the necessary equipments for a winter campaign. I have taken special care to provide for the comfort of my men by visiting the cities, and laying in an unusually large supply of

Overcoats, of every description, Black Cloth Dress Coats, Cassimere Business Coats, Pantaloons in endless variety, any quantity of Winter Vests, Undershirts, Drawers, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Buffalo and Gum Overshoes, and Gentlemen's Shawls; also, Trunks and Carpet Sacks, first-rate Clocks, 30 hour, 8 day and Alarm Clocks, Violins, Accordeons, Pistols, Revolvers & Knives, Pipes, & excellent smoking Tobacco, Cigars, and Notions, in endless variety.

☞Now is the time to buy cheap. Call soon. Having purchased my goods cheap for CASH, I am prepared to sell them cheaper than they have ever have been offered in this place before.

Oct. 30. F. B. PICKING.

New Fall & Winter Clothing,

FOR MEN AND BOYS, with every article of wearing apparel in that line, together with Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Carpet Sacks, Double Barrel Guns and Pistols, Revolvers, and a splendid article of the improved and celebrated Colt's Revolver, with all the necessary fixtures to it. Buffalo Robes and Over Shoes, India Rubber Over Coats and Leggings, Hosiery, &c., Guitars, Fiddles, Flutes and Fifes, Jewelry and Watches, together with many other useful articles, all of which are sold VERY CHEP.—You ask where? Why, at SAMSON'S, where every one can buy good and cheap goods.—THAT'S THE SPOT. The old County Buildings, N. E. Corner of the Diamond. [Oct. 17.

New Goods! New Goods!!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS would respectfully inform the public that they have returned from the Cities with the largest, cheapest and prettiest stock of GOODS ever opened in the County, consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Vestings, Domestics, &c. all of which will be offered so low, as to defy competition. ☞Give us a call.—No trouble to show Goods at the Sign of the
Oct. 17.] RED FRONT.

Cheap

OVER COATS, OVER COATS,
DRESS COATS, DRESS COATS,
BUSINESS COATS, BUSINESS COATS,
MONKEY JACKETS, MONKEY JACKETS,
SHIRTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS,
DRAWERS, VESTS, VESTS,
PANTS, PANTS,

lots of them a little cheaper than the cheapest, all of our own make, to be had at the Clothing Emporium of GEO. ARNOLD.
Jan. 8, 1862.

TYSONS' fifty cent pictures are securely sealed.
Tysons' fifty cent pictures are water-proof.
Tysons' fifty cent pictures are entirely durable
Tysons' fifty cent pictures are unsurpassed.
Tysons' fifty cent pictures are warranted.
Tysons' fifty cent pictures are put up in large for small cases. [Oct. 23. tf

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

At Private Sale.

NO. 1. GREENMOUNT.—This beautiful and very desirable country seat, adjoining the Borough of Gettysburg, on the road leading to Fairfield, is now offered at Private Sale.

The Farm contains 124 ACRES, more or less, 10 or 12 Acres are in Timber, and about 30 acres of Meadow bottom; there are two young Apple and Peach Orchards on the premises, the land is the red granite soil, susceptible of a high state of cultivation; lime acts well upon it and can always be had at the Railroad Depot, which is in sight, at 12½ cents per bushel. The improvements are a Two-story Weather boarded HOUSE, with Cellar, Back building, Bake oven, Smoke-house, a large Bank barn, with bins, Corn-crib, &c., together with all necessary out-buildings, in complete order; there is a pump at the door, and a never-failing spring of water close by. Willoughby's Run bounds the west end of the Farm This property will be shown by Mr. John Herting, living on the premises, or by the subscriber in Gettysburg.

No. 2. CUMBERLAND FARM.—This Farm is also a handsome and very desirable property, situate on the Taneytown Road, 4 miles from Gettysburg, containing

GETTYSBURG STEAM LIME MILL,

CORNER OF WEST AND RAILROAD STREETS, NEAR THE POUNDRY.

THE subscriber, having leased the Steam Mill of Mr. C. W. Horner in this place, has had it thoroughly repaired, by placing in it the necessary machinery for grinding Limestone. The mill is now in operation and I am ready to supply any demand for this useful Fertilizer,

Ground Lime-Stone,

is now conceded by those who have tested it, to be a much better Fertilizer than Burnt Lime, or indeed any of the other Fertilizers generally applied to land. The following Certificate from Mr. Diehl, an extensive farmer, and highly respectable citizen of Adams County, will attest the truth of this assertion.

☞"I have been trying the Ground Lime-Stone on my land for the last four years and find it to be a better fertilizer than the Burnt Lime, and cheaper. It has given satisfaction in the first crop."

PETER DIEHL.

Numerous other certificates of like character could be produced, but this is sufficient.

☞Farmers are requested to send in their orders and to give it a trial.

JOHN HOOVER.

Feb. 27 tf

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING MACHINE COMP'Y,

538, *Broadway, New York.*

NO person who contemplates purchasing a Sewing Machine for family or manufacturing purposes, should fail to send for one of our Circulars, which contains cuts and full descriptions of the several styles, prices and samples of work, all of which we send by mail free. We claim to have the

Best Sewing Machines in the World,

For either Family or Manufacturing Purposes. And all we ask is a fair trial. Read the following:

IMPORTANT FACTS.

FACT No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their Machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

FACT No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch—alike on both sides—and use a little less than half as much thread and silk as the chain or loop stitch machines.

FACT No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing-machines in market to the frequent changes and almost endless variety of sewing required in a family. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever.—Is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if BEST adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

FACT No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing machine in use—a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind, on a bias.

FACT No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood. The reputation of these Machines wherever used will fully demonstrate each of the above FACTS.

FACT No. 6.—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

FACT No. 7.—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair,

FACT No. 8.—These Machines took the Highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, together with the Highest Premium for fine Sewing-Machine Work.

FACT No. 9.—These Machines took both the Highest Premiums at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica, N. Y.

FACT No. 10.—These Machines can do the SAME thing generally, whenever properly exhibited in competition with other first-class Sewing Machines. But we have space for only one FACT more—it is the most important Fact of all.

FACT No. 11.—We warrant every Machine we sell to give BETTER satisfaction than any other Sewing-Machine in market, or money refunded.

☞Send for a Circular. AGENTS WANTED. Address

Finkle & Lyon Sewing-Machine Co.
No, 538 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Jan. 15. 6m

ESTABLISHED OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

No medicine has ever gained such a reputation as this inestimable remedy in curing obstinate Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Blood Spitting, Hoarseness, Weak Voice, Pains in the Side and Breast, Broken Constitution (from the abuse of Calomel and other causes,) Palpitation or Disease of the Heart, Tickling Irritation, or Inflammation of the Throat, and all Pulmonary Complaints. For Restless Nights, for the Aged and Debilitated, it is very valuable; it not only prolongs life, but renders it enjoyable in its evening, as all ages, sexes and constitutions are alike affected by it, and disease is thoroughly eradicated from the system.

S W A Y N E

FIFTY THOUSAND DEATHS BY CONSUMPTION would perhaps be a small estimate for the ravages of this dreadful disease in a single year.—Is there no remedy to arrest its fatal progress? This point has been attained. We allude particularly to DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. The most inveterate cases yield to this great vegetable remedy

GREAT PURGATIVE AND PURIFYING MEDICINE.

Dr. Swayne's Sugar-Coated Sarsaparilla and Extract of Tar Pills.

A prompt purifying purgative, removing all unhealthy bilious secretions of the stomach and bowels, causing a perfect state of health.

Thousands of persons and families have thoroughly tested and tried them, for almost every disease, and have given their testimony that they are beyond all question the very best medicine as a family physic.

Headache, Dimness of Vision, Palsy, Fits, Fevers, Sick Headache, Liver Complaint, Loss of Appetite, Bilious Affections, &c., are cured. Female Irregularities are restored to a healthy condition.

LET IT BE REMEMBERED,

these are perfect blood purifying pills, compounded with Sarsaparilla and other valuable Vegetable Extracts, and a certain purgative, free from griping, correcting the stomach and bowels into a perfect healthy condition.

Dr. Swayne's Bowel Cordial.

The Unfailing Remedy for

The Unfailing Remedy for

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus,
Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus,
Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus,
Cholera Infantum or Summer Complaint.
Cholera Infantum or Summer Complaint.

Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by S. S. FONERY, and A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, and all the principal storekeepers throughout the county and State.

January 9. ownly

Economy is Wealth,

SAID one of our learned men, and I believe it for the folks all say they save money by calling at H. G. CARR'S, to buy their Groceries, Queensware, Notions, &c. [Jan. 21.

BLANKET SHAWLS, all varieties and prices at A. Scott & Son's cheap store.

Professional Cards.

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE on West Middle street, adjoining the new Court-house.

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. M'Clellan, Esq.,) Gettysburg, Pa.

March 26. tf

A. J. COVER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL prompt attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.—Office between Fahnestock's and Danner and Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE at his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court-House.

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's (Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg strt., opposite F. Picking's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D	Prof. Muhlenberg,
Prof. M. Jacobs,	" M. L. Stoever,
" H. L. Baugher,	Dr. H. S. Huber.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER. North-east corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel.) Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call. Dec. 5.

Alexander Frazer,

CLOCK & WATCH-MAKER, has removed his shop to Baltimore street, a few doors south of the Court-house, and nearly opposite the new Post-Office, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of his customers. He is thankful for past favors, and hopes to receive the continued patronage of the public.

April 10. tf

New Goods!

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received and are now opening a cheap and desirable assortment of Spring Goods, to which the attention of buyers is respectfully invited.—Their stock comprises all the latest and most approved styles and patterns of Dress Goods, together with their usual assortment of Staple Domestic Goods, such as cannot fail to please all who may favor them with their patronage. Call early and select from their large and varied assortment. FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

April 3. tf

1861. Latest News. 1861.

JUST as we were going to press we received a dispatch that R. F. McILHENY has just opened a complete assortment of HATS and CAPS, including the latest fall style Silk, Beaver, Slouch, Cassimere and Wool Hats. Boys and Infants plain and fancy Hats and Caps, which for neatness of finish and quality surpass anything of the kind ever offered in this place. All of which will be sold at astonishingly low prices for cash.

Also, BOOTS and SHOES, including a fine assortment of Ladies' Morocco Boots, Buskins, Gaiters and Slippers.

Gaiters and slippers at 75 cents per pair.—All in want of goods in my line are respectfully invited to give me a call.

Come one, come all.
And give me a friendly call;
For all goods will be sold at unheard of prices,
To overcome the unlooked for crisis.

Oct. 23. tf

A FRESH SUPPLY.

I TAKE this method to inform the public that I have received from the City of Philadelphia a fresh stock of Goods, comprising all of the newest styles of LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Also, Shawls, Cloaking Cloths, Gloves and Hosiery, Bonnets, Ribbons, Handkerchiefs, as well as a fine assortment of PERFUMERY AND FANCY SOAP, and in fact everything that is usually found in a stock of Dry and Fancy Goods.

For the Gentlemen I have as complete a stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Goods suitable for Boys' wear, as well as Gloves, Stockings, Handkerchiefs, Neck-ties and Suspenders, as was ever brought to this market.

Ladies' Dress Trimmings in great variety.

Visiting Cards, Envelopes, Note, Letter and Cap Paper.

Irish Linen, Bleached and Brown Muslins, Pillow Case Muslin and Wide Sheeting.

Oct. 23. J. L. SCHICK.

Call at Samson's.

HAVING returned from the war, (the stock being somewhat neglected in consequence of Samson being sick), but as A. BOLLINGER is at home again, a first-rate assortment of CLOTHING, &c., has been forwarded, which will be sold as heretofore, at the RIGHT PRICES. N. E. Corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, Aug. 21.

Second Arrival This Fall.

LARGER STOCK THAN EVER!—JACOBS & BRO., have just received their second purchase of Fall and Winter Goods, which they offer cheaper than ever, having bought at the most favorable rates They ask the public to call in and see their large assortment, convinced that every taste can be gratified. Their Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cassinetts, Cords, Jeans, &c., cannot be excelled for variety, and then the low prices at which they are offered are really astonishing. Goods made up at the shortest notice, in the latest styles, and at as reasonable rates as can be expected. Their Establishment is in Chambersburg street, a few doors below Buehler's Drug Store. [Oct. 17.

Fine Liquors.

THE subscriber has added to his Grocery and Notion Store, a department for the sale of all the different kinds of Liquors, and having laid in a large and fine assortment, he invites the attention of buyers thereto. It embraces BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, WHISKIES, &c., of different kinds and prices, some among the best to be had in the cities. As his motto is, "quick sales and small profits," he will sell cheap, very cheap, for the cash. To be convinced, it is only necessary give him your patronage.

July 3.] H. J. CARR, AGENT.

TYSON BROTHERS have constantly on hand a large assortment of plain and fancy cases, gilded frames, gold and plated lockets, breastpins, &c. &c., which they are selling at astonishingly low prices.

Hardware & Grocery Store.

THE subscribers will have a splendid assortment of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, at their old established stand in Baltimore street.

They have just returned from the Cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting, in part, of

Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, etc., etc.

Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Braces and Bits, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers etc., etc.

Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vises, Rasps, Files, Horse-shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, etc, with them, very cheap.

Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvas, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil-cloth, Springs, Axles, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, etc., etc.

Shoe Findings—Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot-trees, etc., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's Tools.

Cabinet-maker's Tools—a genera assortment; also, Varnish, Knobs, etc., etc.

Housekeepers will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Britannia, Albata and Silver Plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candle sticks, Waiters, Shovels and Tongs, Sad-irons, Enameled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Carpeting, etc., etc.

Also, a general assortment of Forged and Rolled IRON, of all sizes and kinds, Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Groceries—a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverized, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, New Orleans, West Indies, and Sugar-house Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, fine coarse, and dairy Salt, Linseed, Fish and Sperm Oil, Turpentine, Fish, etc.

A full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil, also Fire-proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, House-Keeping, Blacksmith, Cabinetmakers, Painters, and Grocery line—all of which they are determined to sell as low for cash as any house out of the City.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, Dec. 12. tf

New Confectionery & Ice Cream SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has just opened a new Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies and every description of Confections—together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of Fruits—always on hand.

Summer Drinks—such as Meads, Pop, Mineral Water, and anything else intended to please the palate and refresh the system during the hot summer months.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cake, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise) and other refreshments, at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life time at the business he flatters himself that he fully understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction. Call and see the new Confectionery.

May 14. JOHN GRUELL.

Cannon & Adair's NEW MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER of Baltimore and East Middle street, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg. Having recently arrived from Philadelphia, and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public wishing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish Monuments, Tombs and Headstones, Marble Mantles, Slabs for Cabinet-makers, and all other work appertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has suggested is availed of, and, especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that erectness of position given at the completion of a job and so necessary to continued gracefulness and symmetry.

Oct. 25. tf

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York Street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

March 21. tf] WM. B. MEALS.

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA. A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.

Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhœa, and other diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for postage will be acceptable.

Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors. EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres.

GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec.

Nov. 7. 1y

Dressler's Hair Jewelry Store,

NO. 206 North 8th Street, above Race, Philadelphia. On hand and for sale a choice assortment of superior patterns, and will plait to order, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Breast Pins, Crosses, Necklaces, Vest and Guard Chains, &c.

☞Orders enclosing the hair to be plaited, may be sent by mail. Give a drawing as near as you can on paper, and enclose such amount as you may choose to pay.

Cost as follows:—Ear Rings $2 to $6; Breast Pins $3 to $7; Finger Rings 75 cts. to $3 50 Vest Chains $6 to $7; Necklaces $2 to $10.

☞Hair put into Medallions, Box Breast Pins, Rings, &c. Old Gold and Silver bought at fair rates.

April 17. 1y

Revolvers.

A NEW lot of REVOLVERS, of different styles, embracing the latest, received a SAMSON'S, northwest corner of the Diamond Having purchased for cash, at the best rates, he is prepared to sell as low as the lowest—if not lower yet. Drop in and examine them for yourselves. No trouble to show goods.

July 1.

Misses and Childrens' Shoes.

A LARGE assortment of Misses' and Children's Shoes, Black and Colored, at

R. F. McILHENY'S.

TYSON BRO. are making their prompt sketches to suit the times.

FLOUR & COMMISSION HOUSE,

NO. 101, N. HOWARD STREET,
BALTIMORE.
(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1785.)

WE take this means of reminding our friends in Adams and the neighboring Counties, that we still carry on business at our old Warehouse, where we are prepared to purchase or receive on consignment COUNTRY PRODUCE, especially FLOUR and GRAIN. Our experience and standing, together with our favorable location (our Warehouse being on the line of the Railroad) warrant us in hoping that we shall be able, not only to retain our old customers, but also to extend our business in this section of country.

PETER SAUERWEIN & SON.

Baltimore, Dec. 6. 1y

Removal---New Goods!

H. G. CARR has removed his Grocery, Queensware and Notion Store, into D. Wills' new building, directly opposite the Bank, in York street, where he will be glad to see all his old customers and any number of new ones. He has replenished his stock, and will sell cheaper than ever. His assortment of Christmas articles is very fine—Toys, Confections, Fruits, &c. His Groceries, Queensware, Hosiery, Notions, &c., are ditto—and all selling, at the lowest living profits. CALL IN! CALL IN! No trouble to show good Jan. 2. tf

STOVES,

Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SHEADS & BUEHLER, having purchased the stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of GEO. E. BUEHLER, have opened an Establishment in connection with their Stove Ware-room, under the superintendence of G. E. BUEHLER, and are now prepared to furnish every thing in that line, at the lowest prices. In addition to the ordinary Ware they have a large supply of Kitchen and House-furnishing Goods, of every variety, including ENAMELLED and TINNED KETTLES, PANS, &c., for preserving, frying and cooking. Call and see their splendid assortment of Stoves and House-furnishing Goods, at their Ware-house on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets

☞Spouting put up at shortest notice.

☞Lumber, Coal and Lime always on hand at their yard.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, Oct. 10.

WILLIAM P. LARKIN. HENRY H. SWARTZ.

LARKIN & SWARTZ,

Mammoth Photograph Gallery,

S. E. Corner Eighth and Arch Sts., (entrance on Eighth Street,) Philadelphia.

AFTER many years' experience in all the various branches of the Art, the Proprietors confidently invite the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive establishment, which presents the opportunity for procuring the best pictures, equal at least, to any first-class Gallery in the United States.

Preparations are complete for executing all the improved styles known to the Art. They have a patent arrangement for copying Daguerreotypes, &c., &c., making them Life size, if desired—the only one of the kind in this country. Attached to this establishment are three coloring Artists.

Photographs, including Painting, as low as $2.00. Photographs, with Frame, as low as $2.62. Photographs, at 75 cents and $1.—Extra copies 50 cents, or $5 per doz. Life size Photograph as low as $6, and Ivorytype at same price. Durable Ambrotypes at 50 cents and upwards.

A most extensive assortment of Gilt Frames, embracing a select and choice variety of the latest styles. Prices from 62 cents and upwards.

Especial attention bestowed upon Life-sized Photographs in Oil, transferred from small pictures, and from life. Prices from $15 to $100.

☞Instructions given in the Art.

Feb. 27. 1y

GARDINER'S RHEUMATIC AND NEURALGIA COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia in its worst form.

THE undersigned hereby certify that they have used "Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound" for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, and have in every case found immediate and permanent relief. We have full confidence in its healing qualities, and would recommend it to all who are afflicted with these harassing diseases, as one of the safest and best medicines ever offered to the public.

S. Hancock, Jr., 20 South Market street, Boston; W. H. Allen, Boston; Henry A. Fuller, 18 South Market street, Boston; Samuel Wales, Jr., City Hotel, Boston; George H. Plummer, 1 Maverick square, East Boston; Henry D. Gardiner, Webster street, East Boston; Abram Weeks, Webster street, Boston; Capt. Chas. G. Dolliver, East Boston.

The best medicine for the disease I ever saw. Charles A. Smith, No. 1, Old State House, Boston.

Have been afflicted with Rheumatism in its worst form, and was entirely cured by the use of one bottle. A. W. Bryer, Matthews' Building, Commercial street, Boston.

Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound has entirely relieved me from sufferings of several years standing. W. E. Hodgkins, No. 1 Old State House, Boston.

After suffering with Rheumatism for twenty years I was entirely cured by the use of two bottles of Gardiner's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Compound. Norman T. Ayres, 75 Franklin street, Boston.

The Rheumatic and Neuralgia compound has been taken by hundreds of people for Scrofulous Humors, with great benefit. It may be given to children with perfect safety.

At wholesale by F. C. WELLS & Co., 115 Franklin street, New York; M. S. BURR & Co., 26 Tremont street, Boston.

Principal Depot—87 Kilby street, Boston.

None genuine unless signed by

May 22.—1y CHAS. F. GARDINER.

☞Wholesale and Retail by DYOTT & SONS, Philadelphia; and by A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa.

Manhood—How Lost, How Restored.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope, a lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and involuntary emissions, producing impotency, Consumption and Mental and Physical Debility. By Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D.

The important fact that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without internal medicines or the dangerous applications of caustics, instruments, medicated bougies, and other empirical devices, is here clearly demonstrated, and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the celebrated author, fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, POST PAID, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing

Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office box 4,586

April 24. 1y

SMALL Photographs for $1 per dozen, at Tyson's Sky-light Gallery,

---

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy. Andrew Heintzelman. Jacob King.

MANAGERS:

George Swope,	E. G. Fahnestock,
D. A. Buehler,	Wm. B. Wilson,
R. M'Curdy,	H. A. Picking,
Jacob King,	Wm. B. M'Clellan,
A. Heintzelman,	John Wolford,
D. M'Creary,	R. G. M'Creary,
M. Eichelberger,	John Picking,
S. R. Russell,	Abel T. Wright,
J. R. Hersh,	Abdiel F. Gitt,
Andrew Polley,	J. H. Marshall,
John Cunningham.	

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday on every month, at 2, P.M.

Sept. 21.

The Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY OF NEW YORK.—Assets: Over Six Millions of Dollars, invested in first Mortgages on Real Estate, worth over $13,000,000.

The premiums are LOWER than in many other Companies, and the Dividends have been GREATER.

This is a strictly MUTUAL Company.—There are no Stockholders, so that ALL THE PROFITS belong to the insured.

Pamphlets, and every information, may be had GRATIS, on application to EDW. G. FAHNESTOCK, Gettysburg, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA REFERENCES:

Thomas Robins,	John Welsh,
Mordecai L. Dawson,	George H. Stuart
George M. Stroud,	E. S. Whelen,
John R. Myers,	J. Fisher Lessing,
Joseph Patterson,	William C. Ludwig,
John M. Atwood,	Arthur G. Coffin,
Thomas H. Powers,	George W. Toland,
William McKee,	Thos. Watson.

F. RATCHFORD STARR, *Agent*,
Philadelphia.

June 11. 1y

New Grocery and Liquor Store.

GEORGE F. KALBFLEISCH has opened a new Store at the South east Corner of the Square, and has for sale, and will constantly keep, an excellent assortment of GROCERIES, of the best quality—Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Split Peas, Lentils, Barley, Prunes, Raisins, Dried Apples and Peaches, Pickles, Vinegar, Herring, Mackarel, Salt, Tobacco, Bologna Sausage, Cheese, Essence of Coffee, Candies, Soap, Brooms, Baskets, Tubs, Buckets, Washboards, Mats, Bedcords, Whitewash Brushes; also an assortment of LIQUORS, such as Old Rye Whiskey, Brandy, Port Wines, &c., &c.—He asks his friends and the public to give him a call. May 22.—tf

WALL PAPER.

WE have just received from the City a large assortment of WALL PAPER, and WINDOW BLINDS of the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest rates possible. We have also the best and cheapest articles of *Window Blind Fixtures*, which are in the market.

We have still on hand a good assortment of HATS, SHOES & HARNESS, and other articles in our line of business. Give us a call—we will sell at prices to suit the times.

Feb. 4.—tf COBEAN & CULP

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, The New Remedy for RHEUMATISM.

During the past year we have introduced to the notice of the medical profession of this country the PURE CRYSTALIZED CHLORIDE OF PROPYLAMINE, as a

REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM;

and having received from many sources, both from physicians of the highest standing and from patients, the

Most flattering Testimonials of its real value

in the treatment of this painful and obstinate disease, we are induced to present it to the public in a form READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, which we hope will commend itself to those who are suffering with this afflicting complaint, and to the medical practitioner who may feel disposed to test the powers of this valuable remedy.

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, in the form above spoken of, has recently been extensively experimented with in the

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL,

and with MARKED SUCCESS (as will appear from the published accounts in the medical journals.)

☞It is carefully put up ready for immediate use, with full directions, and can be obtained from all the druggists at 75 cents per bottle, and at wholesale of

BULLOCK & CRENSHAW,
Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,
July 8. 1y Philadelphia.

DR. S. FELLER'S FAMILY MEDICINES

ARE the only preparations of the kind placed before the public under the name of ECLECTIC. They are called Eclectic because they are carefully and scientifically selected—the best from all the coop—and approved by the most scientific men in the United States. They do not contain any Mercury, Antimony, or Opium, or anything that would be deleterious to the most delicate constitution.

All who understand the curing of disease know that medicines only assist nature, and unless they act and harmonize with nature, disease cannot be cured. Want of a proper knowledge of these facts causes many of our fellow citizens to go down to an untimely grave.

I can therefore recommend this preparation with the utmost confidence, and am fully persuaded, from past experience at the bedside of the sick, that it will give very general, if not universal satisfaction. Yet, at the same time, I do not pretend to say that it is a CURE-ALL, or that it is, in all cases and circumstances, infallible. For when a remedy is set forth as "Cure-All," "Infallible," &c., the conclusion with me is irresistible, that the proprietor himself believes his remedy to be a humbug, and designed from the start to deceive the public.

SAMUEL GRONCE,
Wholesale Agent, York Sulphur Springs, Adams county, Pa., and for sale by Dr. Buehler, Gettysburg; J. S. Hollinger, Heidlersburg; Jacob King, Hunterstown; and Jacob A. Gardner, Petersburg.

We would say to the public, that all we want is a fair trial, and it will recommend itself.

Jan. 17. tf

SOMETHING NEW.

Beautiful Illustrated Map

On the Preservation and Culture of Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

COPIES are being published, which contain many magnificent Engravings, such as Trees and various kinds of fine Fruit and Fruit Trees, some of the finest specimens that have ever been put on paper. The Fruit Trees are set with abundant burdens of fruit, similar to that which nature presents in proper season. The trees are represented as having their roots running through the soil in a natural position, and the Engravings of Trees are beautiful and grand. It also contains a fine Engraving which represents the innumerable thread-like roots of a vigorous tree running through and over the soil. The Root Engraving covers ten inches in diameter on paper, and also forms a magnificent engraving, which cannot help but prove gratifying to the eyes of all who may behold it. Such an engraving has never been printed on paper. The engraving of roots not only proves admirable to the sight of the eye, but is designed to prove of great importance to all who take an interest in the cultivation of fruits and how to treat fruit trees properly.

A COPY contains Twenty-five different Engravings of Trees, Fruits, etc., composed of Evergreens, Forest, Apple, Peach, Dwarf Pyramid Pear and Cherry Trees, &c. The Fruit Engravings comprise Raspberries, Gooseberries, Blackberries, Strawberries, Currants, Grapes, Plums, Apricots, Pears, Peaches, Apples, etc., and are all colored by hand to represent the natural fruit, and are accompanied with printed matter of great importance, and forms a copy in size 32 by 40 inches, on map paper, with muslin back and face varnished.

A COPY, with its numerous engravings, will be gratifying to the eye, and forms an admirable ornament for the wall of the parlor, and will richly beautify any apartment with horticultural matter of much importance and fancy. These copies are published at a very heavy expense.—Twenty-five dollars has been paid to a scientific artist for forming the plates of single engravings of trees, roots, etc. But, in order that many can obtain such copies at a trifling figure, the price for a copy will be made so low, that fifteen persons can now obtain copies for the sum that has been paid for single engravings of trees, etc.

A COPY contains printed matter of much importance and great value. It will tell how to treat all kinds of Fruit Trees to render them very vigorous and productive, even in unfavorable seasons. It will tell how to prepare the soil without inconvenience before planting the trees in; to strengthen trees much in vigor, and to prove the productiveness of abundant crops, even in unfavorable seasons or locations, with proper and easy after treatment.

A COPY will tell how to prepare and plant all kinds of Fruit and Evergreen Trees, so as to prove successful, with scarcely ever proving a failure in a lot of many trees when properly treated as directed. It will tell how to train and plant Dwarf Pear Trees. It contains the most successful treatments for the culture of the Plum. It will tell how to train and cultivate the Grape.

A COPY will tell how to cultivate and treat Strawberries, Currants, Raspberries, Blackberries Gooseberries, &c.

A COPY will tell how to treat Peach trees, to restore their roots healthy from the disastrous effects of worm insects. It will tell how to make use of an application over the soil surrounding the tree to protect the Peach and other tender fruit from the effects of being winter-killed in bud. The same application also restores Peach trees from taking the yellows. The application has the beneficial effects to present the foliage of the trees healthy and the tree vigorous, and proves to the productiveness of luscious fruits.—The application to be applied is not expensive. All have sufficient materials on their plantations.

A COPY will tell how to Preserve all kinds of Fruits with little or no sugar.—It will tell how to keep Apples with much success. It will tell how to treat and manage Pears to mature perfectly, and attain the highest flavor.

A COPY presents its numerous pictures all at a glance, and forms such an ornament for the wall as will be admired by all lovers of art, drawn from nature's products.

A COPY can now be obtained for $1,50 in money or postage-stamps.

Those copies are published by

H. F. M. PETERS,
Near Bendersville, Adams County, Pa.

Nov. 13, 1861. 1y

☞The Map is now finished with rollers on, and cannot be sent out by mail any more, but will be forwarded by express to any parts ordered to, on receipt of necessary amount.—A sample Copy can be seen at this Office, where subscriptions are received.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

A Slight Cold, Cough, Hoarseness, or Sore Throat, *which might be checked with a simple remedy, if neglected, often terminates seriously. Few are aware of the importance of stopping a Cough or Slight Cold in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to a mild remedy, if not attended to, soon attacks the lungs.*

Brown's Bronchial Troches were first introduced eleven years ago. It has been proved that they are the best article before the public for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, the Hacking Cough in Consumption, and numerous affections of the Throat, giving immediate relief.

Public Speakers and Singers, *will find them effectual for clearing and strengthening the voice.*

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, at 25 cents per box.

☞A. D. BUEHLER, Agent, Gettysburg.

Jan. 1, 1862. 6m

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having a large amount standing on his Books for a considerable length of time, principally made up of small accounts, takes this method of notifying those indebted to him, that he needs money, and if his friends will call and settle their accounts, he will feel under many obligations to them.

J. L. SCHICK.

Sept. 25.

"They go right to the Spot"

INSTANT RELIEF! STOP YOUR COUGH!

PURIFY YOUR BREATH!

STRENGTHEN YOUR VOICE!

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS,

ARE

GOOD FOR CLERGYMEN,
GOOD FOR LECTURERS,
GOOD FOR PUBLIC SPEAKERS,
GOOD FOR SINGERS,
GOOD FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

GENTLEMEN CARRY

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.

LADIES ARE DELIGHTED WITH

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.

CHILDREN CRY FOR

SPALDING'S THROAT CONFECTIONS.

They relieve a cough instantly.

They clear the throat.

They give strength and volume to the voice.

They impart a delicious aroma to the breath.

They are delightful to the taste.

They are made of simple herbs and cannot harm any one.

I advise every one who has a Cough or a Husky Voice, or a Bad Breath, or any difficulty of the Throat, to get a package of my Throat Confections, they will relieve you instantly, and you will agree with me that they "go right to the spot." You will find them very useful and pleasant while traveling, or attending public meetings, for stilling your cough or allaying your thirst. If you try one package I am safe in saying that you will ever afterwards consider them indispensable. You will find them at the Druggists and Dealers in Medicines.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

My signature is on each package. All others are counterfeit.

A Package will be sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of Thirty Cents.

Address,

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48, Cedar street, New York.

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache,

CURE Nervous Headache

CURE All kinds of

Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing Costiveness.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPH